Measuring The Quality Of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs

Calendar Year 2002 **Technical Report**

THE PENNSYLVANIA HEALTH CARE COST CONTAINMENT COUNCIL

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Copies of the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report and this document, the *Technical Report*, can be obtained by contacting the Council, or can be accessed electronically via the Council's Web site.

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TECHNICAL REPORT

MEASURING THE QUALITY OF PENNSYLVANIA'S COMMERCIAL HMOS CALENDAR YEAR 2002

OVERVIEW

This technical supplement accompanies the calendar year 2002 version of the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report. Included in this *Technical Report* are detailed descriptions of the data and their sources, explanations for the adjustments to the data, and presentation of the methodology used for risk adjustment of the utilization and clinical outcomes data. Also included are detailed explanations for data collection and verification procedures, selection of clinical conditions and outcomes for study, and other comparative measures. Descriptions of financial indicators, ratings of HMOs by members, and plan profile information are further explained.

The *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report provides information related to the quality of health care services received by members of commercial Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) and related Point of Service (POS) plans licensed by the Department of Health to do business in Pennsylvania. The report brings together information from several sources that are of interest to purchasers, consumers, payors, and providers. This collection of information and data allows all interested readers to make comparisons among HMOs based upon a comprehensive set of data.

for Utilization and outcome measures are provided seventeen specific clinical conditions/treatments included in the report. The research methodology that vielded utilization and outcome ratings was complex and differs for all clinical conditions. Methodology development was based upon state-of-the-art research practice. This development included a review of the current medical outcome literature, discussions with practicing medical professionals, and careful examination and approval by the Council's Technical Advisory Group. Each clinical condition was selected because:

- it is of high importance to purchasers and consumers,
- it is generally a high-volume, high-risk, or high cost condition/procedure, and
- its management by HMOs and their providers can reasonably be expected.

DATABASES

The databases used to analyze each of the seventeen clinical conditions were derived from discharge data submitted to PHC4 by Pennsylvania health care facilities.

The Statewide database was comprised of cases where the patient:

- was under 65 years of age (except for diabetes in which the age interval was 18 years through 75 years),
- met the clinical inclusion criteria for one of the conditions investigated (see Appendix A: "Description of Study Population"), and
- was discharged from a Pennsylvania *general acute care* (GAC) or *specialty GAC* hospital (or received care in an inpatient or ambulatory surgical setting for breast cancer procedures) between January 1, 2002 and December 31, 2002.

The HMO database was derived from the statewide database and included:

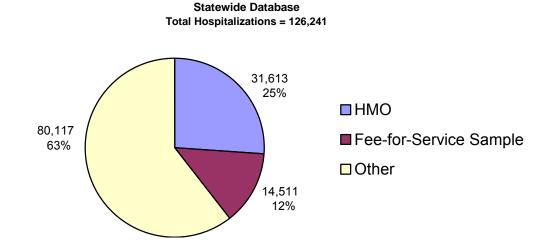
• aggregate hospitalizations for members of all commercial HMOs included in this report.

The "Fee-for-Service" Sample (Convenience) database was derived from the statewide database and included:

• aggregate hospitalizations for members of commercial, traditional "fee-for-service" plans (this group included only those patients who were clearly identified in a hospital record as a member of one of the larger fee-for-service plans in Pennsylvania). Hospitalization rates per member are not reported for this group because detailed enrollment data by plan were not available.

The "Other" group in the statewide database included:

• hospitalizations where the payor was Medicare, Medicaid, or self-pay, as well as those records where the payor could not be identified.



Databases Used in the Risk Adjustment Process

Depending upon the condition under study, individual HMO plan data was compared to the statewide database, the HMO and fee-for-service sample databases combined, or the HMO database alone. Table 1 lists the comparative databases that were used to determine expected percents for each appropriate PHC4 measure (where actual percents were compared to expected percents), and to risk adjust each PHC4 measure that involved risk adjustment. For example, the statewide database for neck and back procedures included those cases where the patients met the definition criteria for neck and back procedures and were under age 65 but over age 17. This statewide database was then used as the comparative standard when determining the risk-adjusted length of stay for each HMO plan for neck and back procedures.

Results are presented in the public report in a manner that allows the reader to visually compare the results for individual HMO plans and the HMO state total/average. When the comparative reference was the statewide database or the HMO and fee-for-service sample combined database, summary data are also shown for the fee-for-service sample.

Table 1. Comparative References

Reported Measure	Database Used			
Hospitalization/Procedure Rate				
 Pediatric Ear, Nose and Throat Infections 	HMO Hospitalizations (members 28 days – 17 years)			
 Adult Ear, Nose and Throat Infections 				
 High Blood Pressure 	HMO Hospitalizations (members 18 – 64 years)			
 Gastrointestinal Infections 				
 Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections 	HMO Hospitalizations (members 28 days – 64 years)			
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	HMO Hospitalizations (members 18 – 64 years)			
Pediatric Asthma	HMO Hospitalizations (members 28 days – 17 years)			
 Adult Asthma 	HMO Hospitalizations (members 18 – 64 years)			
 Diabetes 	HMO Hospitalizations (members 18 – 75 years with diabetes)			
 Heart Attack 				
 Hysterectomy 				
 Breast Cancer Procedures 	HMO Hospitalizations (members 18 – 64 years)			
Neck and Back Procedures				
 Prostatectomy 				
Length of Stay				
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	HMO and Fee-for-Service Sample Hospitalizations			
	(members 18 – 64 years)			
 Pediatric Asthma 	HMO and Fee-for-Service Sample Hospitalizations			
 Adult Asthma 	(members 28 days – 17 years) HMO and Fee-for-Service Sample Hospitalizations			
- Addit Astillia	(members 18 – 64 years)			
 Diabetes 	HMO and Fee-for-Service Sample Hospitalizations			
- 11	(members 18 – 75 years with diabetes)			
Heart Attack*				
Hysterectomy				
Breast Cancer Procedures	Statewide Hospitalizations (age 18 – 64 years)			
 Neck and Back Procedures 				
Prostatectomy				
Percent Rehospitalized–180 days				
 Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease 	HMO and Fee-for-Service Sample Hospitalizations			
 Asthma (adult only) 	(members 18 – 64 years)			
 Diabetes 	HMO and Fee-for-Service Sample Hospitalizations (members 18 – 75 years with diabetes)			
In-Hospital Mortality–30 days				
 Heart Attack 	Statewide Hospitalizations (age 18 – 64 years)			
In-Hospital Complications				
Hysterectomy				
 Breast Cancer Procedures 				
 Neck and Back procedures 	Statewide Hospitalizations (age 18 – 64 years)			
 Prostatectomy 				
i iootatootomy				

*The Number of Days Hospitalized, rather than the Length of Stay, is reported for Heart Attack.

DATA SOURCES, COLLECTION, AND VERIFICATION

The data utilized in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report were obtained from several sources including: 1) discharge data submitted to PHC4 by Pennsylvania health care facilities, 2) the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) through the purchase of *Quality Compass*[®] (see the "Helping to Keep Members Healthy" section of the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report), 3) the Pennsylvania Department of Health, and 4) the Pennsylvania Insurance Department. Pennsylvania hospitals verified data used to generate utilization measures and clinical outcomes, and HMO plans verified payor information listed in the hospital-submitted records. A more detailed explanation of the data and data sources follows.

PHC4: Hospital-Submitted Data and HMO Verification of Payor

Data specific to the seventeen clinical conditions were submitted to PHC4 by licensed Pennsylvania health care facilities. Refer to Appendix A: "Description of Study Population" for a listing of the diagnosis and procedure codes that defined each clinical condition in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report.

The process used by PHC4 to identify specific HMO payors for hospitalizations relied upon several different data fields in the discharge record:

- the payor type code, which indicates the type of payor and type of product,
- the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) code, which identifies the company that paid for the claim, and
- the payor name field, which is a free-form text field filled by the hospital staff.

All records that clearly identified an HMO plan as the principal payor by these fields were directly assigned to that respective HMO for verification. In addition, a record was sent to an HMO plan if any part of a discharge record pointed to that particular HMO plan as the payor. This was necessary to assure inclusion of all appropriate records.

Records that were identified through this process as belonging to an HMO were then sent to the respective HMO plan for verification. The HMO plan could then either agree that the claim was paid for by the plan (accept the record), or disagree (reject the record).

Rejection of records by HMOs occurred for one of three primary reasons: 1) the patient was not a member of the HMO at the time of the hospitalization, 2) the HMO was not the primary payor, or 3) the patient was a member of the HMO, but under a line of business not eligible for this study (e.g., a Medicare HMO enrollee). A fourth reason for rejecting a record was specific to diabetes records in which the patient did not meet the diabetes population-specific criteria.

Also, plans could provide additional records that were not originally identified as belonging to them during the payor identification process. These added records were included in the analysis only if PHC4 was able to match them to valid records in the study population that had not yet been attributed to other plans.

Every HMO and related POS plan that received a file for verification from PHC4 reviewed, verified, and returned the data.

National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA)

NCQA is a private, not-for-profit organization dedicated to assessing and reporting on the quality of managed care plans. NCQA collects data via the Health Plan Employer Data and Information Set[®] (HEDIS) and the Consumer Assessment of Health Plans Study[®] (CAHPS) survey. These instruments assess health plan performance and member satisfaction with their HMO. These data, available collectively in NCQA's *Quality Compass[®]* (the central repository of data collected

nationally from the NCQA accreditation surveys), are then available for purchase. Select outcome measures from NCQA's 2003 Quality Compass (2002 measurement year) are included in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report and are described below.

HEDIS Measures

HEDIS is a health plan performance tool developed by NCQA and is a component of the NCQA accreditation process. The "HMO State Average" for each measure (derived from the *Quality Compass* database and weighted by HMO enrollment) was calculated by PHC4. The *HEDIS Technical Specifications Manual* provides a detailed description of the calculations used to determine the numerator and denominator for these measures. The HEDIS "Effectiveness of Care" and "Use of Services" measures reported include:

<u>Comprehensive Diabetes Care</u> is a composite measure used to examine the frequency and results of certain tests for HMO members with diabetes. The measure evaluates HMO performance on six aspects of diabetes care using a single sample of members age 18 through 75 years of age who have Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes. The six components of the comprehensive diabetes care measure are expressed as a percent of members with diabetes who had each of the following:

- Poorly Controlled Hemoglobin A1c Levels for Members with Diabetes: Poor Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) control; that is, the most recent HbA1c test level within the calendar year 2002 that was greater than 9.5 percent. If no test was performed, then it was counted as poor HbA1c control.
- *Hemoglobin A1c Blood Tests for Members with Diabetes*: HbA1c tested; that is, at least one HbA1c test conducted during the calendar year 2002.
- Eye Exams Performed for Members with Diabetes: Eye exam performed; that is, an eye screening for diabetic retinal disease conducted during the calendar year 2002 or, in certain circumstances, the calendar year 2001.
- *Monitoring Kidney Disease for Members with Diabetes*: Kidney disease monitored; that is, a microalbuminuria screening performed during the calendar year 2002, or previous evidence of kidney disease such as a positive microalbuminuria screening or medical treatment for kidney disease.
- Cholesterol Screening for Members with Diabetes: LDL-C screening performed; that is, a low-density lipoprotein cholesterol test conducted during the calendar year 2001 or 2002.
- "Bad" Cholesterol Controlled for Members with Diabetes: LDL-C controlled; that is, the most recent low-density lipoprotein cholesterol test performed during the calendar year 2001 or 2002 that was less than 130 mg/dL. If there was no valid LDL-C value within the last two measurement years, it was counted as exceeding the threshold.

As a set, these six aspects of care provide a comprehensive picture of the clinical management of patients with diabetes. The specifications for this measure are consistent with recommendations of the Diabetes Quality Improvement Project.

<u>Advising Smokers to Quit</u> is reported as the percent of members 18 years and older who were continuously enrolled during calendar year 2002, who were either current smokers or recent quitters, who were seen by a plan practitioner during the measurement year, and who received advice to quit smoking.

<u>Childhood Immunizations</u> is reported as the percent of enrolled children who turned two years old during the calendar year 2002, who were continuously enrolled for 12 months immediately preceding their second birthday, and who were identified as having four DTP/DtaP, three IPV/OPV, one MMR, two H influenza type b, three hepatitis B, and one chicken pox vaccine. It is reported as a combination rate.

<u>Timely Initiation of Prenatal Care</u> is reported as the percent of women who delivered a live birth between November 6th of calendar year 2001 and November 5th of calendar year 2002, who

were continuously enrolled at least 43 days prior to delivery, and who received a prenatal care visit in the first trimester or within 42 days of enrolling in the HMO.

<u>Screening for Breast Cancer</u> is reported as the percent of women age 52 through 69 years, who were continuously enrolled during the calendar years 2001 and 2002, and who had a mammogram during either of those two years.

<u>Screening for Cervical Cancer</u> is reported as the percent of commercially enrolled women age 21 through 64 years, who were continuously enrolled during the calendar years 2000 through 2002, and who received one or more Pap tests during one of those three years.

<u>Cholesterol Management after Acute Cardiovascular Events</u> consists of two measures referred to as Cholesterol Screening after Acute Cardiovascular Events and "Bad" Cholesterol Controlled after Acute Cardiovascular Events in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report. The first measure reports the percent of members age 18 through 75 as of December 31, 2002 who were discharged alive during the prior year for AMI, CABG, or PTCA/Stent, and had evidence of receiving an LDL-C screening on or between 60-365 days after discharge during the measurement year. The second measure reports the percent of those members that received this screening who had an LDL-C level of less than 130mg/dL.

<u>Appropriate Medications for Members with Asthma</u> evaluates whether members (age 5 through 56) with persistent asthma are being prescribed medications acceptable as primary therapy for long-term control of asthma. Members with "persistent" asthma were approximated based on services received during the prior year and medication utilization, rather than by a clinical measure of severity. The consistent use of the following medications resulted in a member being added to the numerator: Inhaled Corticosteroids, Cromolyn Sodium and Nedocromil, Leukotrine Modifiers, and Methylxanthines. Use of long-acting, inhaled beta-2 agonists was not included in the numerator.

<u>Controlling High Blood Pressure</u> is an intermediate outcome measure that assesses whether blood pressure was controlled among adult members with diagnosed hypertension. This measure can only be calculated by using the hybrid method (for further explanation of the hybrid methodology, see the *HEDIS Technical Specifications Volume 2*). For the Controlling High Blood Pressure measure, the hybrid method used membership data and ambulatory claims/encounter data to identify members ages 46 through 85 years of age with a diagnosis of hypertension and a medical record review to confirm the hypertension diagnosis and to assess blood pressure control during the membership year.

<u>Beta Blockers after a Heart Attack</u> is reported as the percent of commercial HMO members age 35 years and older as of December 31, 2002 who were hospitalized and discharged alive from January 1, 2002 through December 24, 2002 with a diagnosis of acute myocardial infarction (AMI) and who received a prescription for beta blockers upon discharge. NCQA provides a list of contraindications to allow plans to adjust the number of commercial members who qualify for treatment.

<u>Antidepressant Medication Management</u> evaluates the successfulness of the pharmacological management of depression using the following three measures:

- *Members with At Least 3 Follow-Up Visits:* Percentage of members 18 years and older as of the 120th day of the measurement year who were diagnosed with a new episode of depression and who had at least three follow-up visits with a provider within 12-weeks of diagnosis (the Acute Treatment Phase).
- Effective Acute Phase Treatment: Percentage of members 18 years and older as of the 120th day of the measurement year who were diagnosed with a new episode of depression, were treated with antidepressant medication and remained on their prescribed drug during the entire 12-week Acute Treatment Phase.

• *Effective Continuation Phase Treatment:* Percentage of members 18 years and older as of the 120th day of the measurement year who were diagnosed with a new episode of depression who remained on their antidepressant prescription for at least 180 days.

<u>Follow-up after Hospitalization for a Mental Health Condition</u> reports the percent of members who received appropriate follow-up care within:

- 7-Days: Percent of members six years and older hospitalized for a mental health disorder who followed up with a doctor's visit within seven days of hospital discharge.
- *30-Days:* Percent of members six years and older hospitalized for a mental health disorder who followed up with a doctor's visit within 30 days of hospital discharge.

<u>Members Receiving Any Mental Health Services</u> is reported as the percent of all members (no age restriction) receiving any mental health services during CY2002.

<u>Inpatient Admission Rate</u> is reported as the number of members (no age restriction) hospitalized for a mental health condition per 1,000 plan members.

<u>Inpatient Hospitalization Average Length of Stay</u> is reported as the average number of days spent in the hospital for members (no age restriction) treated for a mental health condition.

The source of the HEDIS data contained in the Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs report was Quality Compass[®] and was used with the permission of the NCQA. Any analysis, interpretation, or conclusion based on these data was solely that of PHC4; NCQA specifically disclaims responsibility for any such analysis, interpretation, or conclusion. Quality Compass is a registered trademark of NCQA.

HEDIS Rotation Strategy

Beginning with HEDIS 1999, NCQA implemented a measures rotation strategy. The purpose of the strategy is to reduce data collection burdens for the HMOs while still providing relevant and accurate data to consumers. The strategy allows HMOs to skip, for one year, the task of collecting data for certain HEDIS measures, and permits the plans to use the results from the previous year instead. Measures included in the rotation schedule must have been in the measurement set for two years and have stable data collection specifications. The following table provides a summary of all the plans that, per the NCQA guidelines, chose not to collect new data for 3 of the 24 HEDIS measures that were included in this year's managed care report:

	Aetna Health, Inc.	CIGNA Healthcare of PA	First Priority	Geisinger Health	Health Guard	KHP West
Beta Blockers after a Heart Attack	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Cholesterol Screening after Acute Cardiovascular Events	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
"Bad" Cholesterol Controlled after Acute Cardiovascular Events	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			

Table 2. Repeat of CY2001 HEDIS Measures in the CY2002 Report, by HMO

CAHPS Measures

Another important component of the NCQA accreditation process is the CAHPS survey instrument. Commercial HMOs hire vendors from an NCQA-approved list to administer this member satisfaction survey. The *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report includes calendar year 2002 CAHPS scores for 10 Pennsylvania plans.

Pennsylvania Department of Health

Each HMO licensed by the Pennsylvania Department of Health files an *Annual Report* each April that summarizes enrollment, provider network and financial data from the previous calendar year (as of December 31st). Information from these *Annual Reports* is on the Council's Web site in the "Plan Profile" section.

Pennsylvania Insurance Department

Each HMO is required to file a detailed annual financial statement with the Pennsylvania Insurance Department. PHC4, at the request of the HMOs included in this report, calculated the financial indicators shown on the Council's Web site using these data.

DESCRIPTION OF HOSPITALIZATIONS USED IN ANALYSES

Discharge data submitted to PHC4 by Pennsylvania health care facilities is housed in the Database of Record (DBOR). Once the submitted data is verified by the hospitals, the DBOR is analyzed to identify unique patients and their hospitalization histories. This process involves linking the individual hospitalizations of each unique patient, identifying each hospitalization as an index or non-index hospitalization, and creating episodes of care. Accurate construction of hospitalization histories and correct identification of the various components within a hospitalization history is crucial to PHC4 research methodology. The following paragraphs define the components of a hospitalization history and explain their role in the analyses for the seventeen clinical conditions included in the report.

Procedures For Linking Hospitalizations

The patient Social Security Number (SSN), sex, and date of birth, as reported by the hospitals, are used to identify patients across hospitalizations. In the vast majority of instances these values are identical for the same patient. Inconsistencies in essential data elements were resolvable if the discrepancy was clearly a typographical error (e.g., October 13 and October 31 of the same year). In this instance both records are assigned to the same patient. Hospitalizations assigned to the same patient are linked to create the hospitalization history.

Index Hospitalizations

After the linking of hospitalizations for unique patients is complete, the index hospitalization for each particular condition represented in that patient's hospitalization history is identified. For any single patient, the index hospitalization is the first hospitalization in the study period that meets the study population inclusion criteria. Therefore, there is only one index hospitalization per patient per condition.

Episode Of Care

An episode of care is comprised of the acute care hospitalization(s) associated with a patient's need for inpatient care. Single-hospitalization episodes of care are especially frequent for the preventable hospitalizations such as those in the "Preventing Hospitalization through Primary Care" section of the *CY2002 Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report. Multiple-hospitalization episodes are more frequent for chronic illnesses (i.e., COPD, Asthma, Diabetes) and AMI. Episodes involving more than one hospitalization are an important aspect of PHC4 methodology in that they account for the intricately related hospitalizations that are typical of the comprehensive care required to treat an illness.

For conditions other than AMI:

- Multiple-hospitalization episodes consist of a string of contiguous acute care inpatient hospitalizations. For two contiguous hospitalizations to be considered part of the same episode, the discharge date of the first hospitalization must be the same date as the admission date of the second hospitalization.
- Multiple-hospitalization episodes may be comprised of hospitalizations with identical or differing principal diagnosis or procedure codes. For example, within the same diabetes episode a hospitalization with a principal diagnosis of diabetes may be followed by a hospitalization with a principal diagnosis of COPD.

For AMI:

- Multiple-hospitalization episodes consist of the index AMI hospitalization and the acute care MDC 5 (Major Diagnostic Category 5: Diseases and Disorders of the Circulatory System*) hospitalizations that began within 30 days of the admit date of the index heart attack hospitalization.
- These hospitalizations may or may not be contiguous. It is <u>not</u> necessary for the discharge date of the first hospitalization to be the same date as the admission date of the second hospitalization.
- Multiple-hospitalization episodes may be comprised of hospitalizations with identical or differing principal diagnoses as long as the hospitalization is classified as MDC 5.

Hospitalizations and Measures

All utilization and outcome measures for the seventeen clinical conditions in the *CY2002 Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report relied on the linking of hospitalizations and the proper identification of index and non-index hospitalizations. Table 3 lists all the measures reported for each clinical condition and details the hospitalizations that were used to extract utilization and/or clinical information for each measure. All episodes in a patient's hospitalization history and all hospitalizations in a multiple-hospitalization episode were not necessarily used for each measure. For example:

- The hospitalization rates for COPD were based upon the number of individual members that were hospitalized for this condition. If a person was hospitalized several times during the study period, only the index hospitalization was counted. Non-index cases were excluded so that a single member was counted in the hospitalization rate analysis rather than individual hospitalizations. Therefore, the number of members hospitalized for COPD was the basis of the hospitalization rate, not the number of hospitalizations for COPD.
- The percent rehospitalized for diabetes was also derived from the index hospitalization of each patient. However, to accurately assess percent rehospitalized across all HMO members hospitalized, the discharge date of the last acute care hospitalization in the diabetes episode was used to determine if the member had been rehospitalized within six months.

Additional hospitalizations were excluded from the analysis if they met certain clinical and procedural exclusion criteria. Refer to subsequent sections of this report that pertain to each clinical condition for detailed descriptions of the particular records excluded for each relevant measure.

^{*}Major Diagnostic Categories, used by the DRG system, are a broad classification of diagnoses typically grouped by body system.

Condition	Data Source	Measure	Hospitalizations ¹
Ear, Nose and	PHC4	Pediatric and Adult reported separately:	
Throat Infections		 Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	 Index hospitalization only (one per member)²
		 Statistical Rating for Hospitalization Rate 	
High Blood Pressure	PHC4	 Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	• Index hospitalization only (one per member) ²
		 Statistical Rating for Hospitalization Rate 	
	HEDIS	 Controlling High Blood Pressure 	Not Applicable
Gastrointestinal Infections	PHC4	 Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	• Index hospitalization only (one per member) ²
		 Statistical Rating for Hospitalization Rate 	
Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections	PHC4	 Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	 Index hospitalization only (one per member)²
		 Statistical Rating for Hospitalization Rate 	
Chronic Obstructive	PHC4	 Number of Hospital Admissions 	 Index hospitalization only (one per member)²
Pulmonary Disease		 Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	
		 Statistical Rating for Hospitalization Rate 	
		 Length of Stay (risk-adjusted) 	
		Percent Rehospitalized (risk-adjusted)	 Index hospitalization (one per member)²
			• Any respiratory-related hospitalization beginning no more than 180 days after the discharge date of the last acute care hospitalization ³ linked to the index hospitalization
Asthma	PHC4	Pediatric and Adult reported separately:	
		 Number of Hospital Admissions 	 Index hospitalization only (one per member)²
		 Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	
		 Statistical Rating for Hospitalization Rate 	
		 Length of Stay (risk-adjusted) 	
		Adult only:	 Index hospitalization (one per member)²
		 Percent Rehospitalized (risk-adjusted) 	• Any respiratory-related hospitalization beginning no more than 180 days after the discharge date of the last acute care hospitalization ³ linked to the index hospitalization
	HEDIS	Appropriate Medications for Members (age 5 – 56; percent)	Not Applicable

Table 3. Hospitalizations Used for Each Measure and Clinical Condition

¹Identifies the hospitalizations that were used to extract utilization and/or clinical information for the associated measure.
²Records with missing/invalid SSNs cannot be linked to a single member, and therefore were counted as separate members for the hospitalization rate. If records had matching valid social security numbers but had inconsistent birth dates or sex identifiers that could not be resolved, each record was counted as a single index hospitalization.

³Non-index hospitalization that may or may not have a principal diagnosis related to condition analyzed.

Condition	Data Source	Measure	Hospitalizations ¹
Diabetes	PHC4	Number of Members with Diabetes	Not Applicable
		 Number of Hospital Admissions Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members with Diabetes (age & sex-adjusted) 	 Index hospitalization only (one per member)²
		 Statistical Rating for Hospitalization Rate 	
		 Length of Stay (risk-adjusted) 	
	_	 Percent of Admissions for Short-term Complications of Diabetes 	
		 Percent Rehospitalized (risk-adjusted) 	 Index hospitalization (one per member)² Any diabetes-related hospitalization beginning no more than 180 days after the discharge date of the last acute care hospitalization³ linked to the index hospitalization
	HEDIS	 Poorly Controlled Hemoglobin A1c Levels (percent) 	Not Applicable
		Hemoglobin A1c Blood Tests (percent)Eye Exam Performed (percent)	
		Monitoring Kidney Disease (percent)	
		Cholesterol Screening (percent)	
	5110.4	"Bad" Cholesterol Controlled (percent)	
Heart Attack (AMI)		 Number of Hospital Admissions Hospitalization Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	 Index hospitalization only (one per member)²
	-	 Number of Days Hospitalized (risk-adjusted) 	 All hospitalizations⁴ beginning no more than 30 days from the admission date of the AMI index hospitalization
	-	 Expected In-Hospital Mortality—30 Day (risk-adjusted; percent) Actual In-Hospital Mortality—30 Day (percent) Statistical Rating for In-Hospital Mortality— 30 Day 	 Index hospitalization (one per member)² Any hospitalization⁴ ending in death where the death occurred no more than 30 days from the admit date of the index AMI hospitalization
	-	Percent Receiving Diagnostic	 Index hospitalization (one per member)²
		Catheterization Procedure	 Any hospitalization⁴ in which a catheterization procedure was performed no more than 30 days from (or 3 days prior to) the date of admission of the index hospitalization
		Percent Receiving PTCA/Stent Procedure	 Index hospitalization (one per member)²
		Percent Receiving Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) Procedure	 Any hospitalization⁴ in which the procedure was performed no more than 30 days from the date of admission of the index hospitalization
	HEDIS	Cholesterol Management after Acute Cardiovascular Events	Not Applicable
		 Cholesterol Screening after Acute Cardiovascular Events (percent) 	
		 "Bad" Cholesterol Controlled after Acute Cardiovascular Events (percent) 	
		Beta Blockers after a Heart Attack (percent)	

¹Identifies the hospitalizations that were used to extract utilization and/or clinical information for the associated measure.
²Records with missing/invalid SSNs cannot be linked to a single member, and therefore were counted as separate members for the hospitalization rate. If records had matching valid social security numbers but had inconsistent birth dates or sex identifiers that could not be resolved, each record was counted as a single index hospitalization.

¹Shon-index hospitalization that may or may not have a principal diagnosis related to condition analyzed. ⁴May be an index or a non-index hospitalization. An Index hospitalization must have a principal diagnosis of AMI. A non-index hospitalization need not have a principal diagnosis for AMI, but must be classified as MDC 5.

Condition	Data Source	Measure	Hospitalizations ¹
Hysterectomy	PHC4	Total Hysterectomy Hospital Admissions	• Index hospitalization only (one per member) ²
		 Procedure Rate per 10,000 Female Members (age-adjusted) 	
		 Statistical Rating for Procedure Rate 	
	A	bdominal and Vaginal reported separately:	
		 Number of Hospital Admissions 	
		 Procedure Rate per 10,000 Female Members (age-adjusted) 	
		 Statistical Rating for Procedure Rate 	
		 Length of Stay (risk-adjusted) 	
		 Expected In-Hospital Complications (risk-adjusted; percent) Actual In-Hospital Complications (percent) 	
		Statistical Rating for In-Hospital Complications	
	HEDIS	Screening for Cervical Cancer (percent)	Not Applicable
Breast Cancer	PHC4	 Total Breast Cancer Procedures 	 Single Encounters ^{3,4}
Procedures		 Procedure Rate per 10,000 Female Members (age-adjusted) 	
	L	umpectomy and Mastectomy reported separately:	
		 Number of Procedures 	
		 Percent Performed Inpatient 	
		 Length of Stay (risk-adjusted) 	 Single Hospitalizations (inpatient only)⁴
		 Expected In-Hospital Complications (risk-adjusted; percent) 	
		 Actual In-Hospital Complications (percent) 	
		 Statistical Rating for In-Hospital Complications 	
	N	lastectomy procedures reported:	
		Percent of Mastectomies with Reconstruction During the Same Admission	
	HEDIS	 Screening for Breast Cancer (percent) 	Not Applicable
Neck and Back	PHC4	 Total Neck and Back Procedures 	 Single Hospitalizations⁴
Procedures		 Procedure Rate per 10,000 Members (age & sex-adjusted) 	
	И	Vith Fusion and Without Fusion reported separately:	
		Number of ProceduresLength of Stay (risk-adjusted)	
		Expected In-Hospital Complications (risk-adjusted; percent)	
		Actual In-Hospital Complications (percent)	
Droototocto mu	DUCA	Statistical Rating for In-Hospital Complications	ladou boositelization and data and 2
Prostatectomy	PHC4	 Total Prostatectomy Procedures Procedure Rate per 10,000 Male Members (age-adjusted) 	 Index hospitalization only (one per member)²
		 Length of Stay (risk-adjusted) 	
		 Expected In-Hospital Complications 	
		 Expected in-nospital complications (risk-adjusted; percent) 	
		 Actual In-Hospital Complications (percent) 	

¹Identifies the hospitalizations that were used to extract utilization and/or clinical information for the associated measure.
²Records with missing/invalid SSNs cannot be linked to a single member, and therefore were counted as separate members for the hospitalization rate. If records had matching valid social security numbers but had inconsistent birth dates or sex identifiers that could not be resolved, each record was counted as a single index

hospitalization. ³Encounter refers to a single patient visit, not number of procedures (i.e., if a patient had both a lumpectomy and a mastectomy in the same medical visit, only the more invasive procedure was counted as a single patient encounter).

⁴Over the course of the study period, a single patient may have more than one hospitalization for said condition. If so, all of the single hospitalizations were analyzed.

Condition	Data Source	Measure	Hospitalizations ¹
Mental Health	HEDIS	 Antidepressant Medication Management Members with At Least 3 Follow-Up Visits (percent) 	Not Applicable
		 Effective Acute Phase Treatment (percent) Effective Continuation Phase Treatment (percent) 	
		Follow-Up After Hospitalization for a Mental Health Condition	
		 o 7-Days (percent) o 30-Days (percent) 	
		Members Receiving any Mental Health Service (percent)	
		 Inpatient Admission Rate 	
		 Inpatient Hospitalization Average Length of Stay 	
Other Measures	HEDIS	Advising Smokers to Quit	Not Applicable
		Childhood Immunizations	
		 Timely Initiation of Prenatal Care 	

Table 3. Hospitalizations Used for Each Measure and Clinical Condition continued

¹Identifies the hospitalizations that were used to extract utilization and/or clinical information for the associated measure.

RISK ADJUSTMENT METHODOLOGY

Risk Adjustment Approach for Hospitalization/Procedure Rates

Age and Sex Adjustment

Hospitalization and procedure rates are age and sex adjusted to account for differences in the mix of members (by sex or age) in one HMO plan compared to another. For example, older populations often experience more health problems. When this is true, PHC4's system "expected" more health problems in the HMO with an older population and made appropriate adjustments. Sex is often an important risk factor, therefore the system also accounted for differences among HMOs in this category. The hospitalization rate data were adjusted using age and sex cohorts derived from the total membership population of each HMO. These cohorts were constructed with the assistance and review of each HMO. The age cohorts used in the risk adjustment of hospitalization/procedure rates are described in Appendix D.

To standardize hospitalization/encounter data across plans and across age categories, only records for those patients age 64 or younger as of December 31, 2002 were included in the analysis. HMO members were excluded from an analysis if they turned 65 at any point during 2002, even if the individual was age 64 at the time of their hospitalization. Likewise, in conditions involving adults only, records were included for patients who were 18 years or older as of December 31, 2002. As part of the data verification process, HMOs were instructed to follow this same age criterion when adding records to the file of verified data. (Note that diabetes records were included if the patient was 18 years or older and 75 years or younger as of December 31, 2002 and excluded if the patient turned 76 at any time during the 2002 calendar year even if the patient was 75 at the time of the hospitalization.)

Calculation of Adjusted Hospitalization/Procedure Rates

Indirect standardization, using the risk factors of age and sex, was used to compare the hospitalization rates for each HMO plan against the hospitalization rate for the HMO aggregate for each clinical condition (see the "Statistical Ratings" section.) Because enrollment data were not collected from the insurance groups that comprise the "fee-for-service" sample, hospitalization rates cannot be reported for this sample.

Risk Adjustment Approach for Outcome Measures

Regression techniques were used to construct "risk-adjustment models" for length of stay, percent rehospitalized–180 days, in-hospital mortality–30 day, and in-hospital complications. These models were used to calculate expected (predicted) results. HMO plans whose membership was characterized by a greater number of risk factors (e.g., severity of illness, comorbidity, demographic factors, socioeconomic factors, etc.) were given "credit" in the system; patients with significant risk factors were expected to have longer lengths of stay and a greater probability of rehospitalization, death, and/or complications.

The first step in building the risk adjustment models was to identify possible risk-adjustment factors—those factors that potentially contribute to a particular event for a particular condition. In doing so, both clinical and demographic factors identified in the literature were considered. The *Atlas Outcomes*TM Predicted Probability of Death (MQPredDeath) and Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS) scores were also considered. The process for gathering and reporting the Atlas information is explained in the following section.

Atlas OutcomesTM Approach for Risk Adjustment

In a contractual agreement with MediQual Systems[®], Inc., a business of Cardinal Health in Marlborough, Massachusetts, acute care hospitals are required to use MediQual's *Atlas OutcomesTM* Severity of Illness System to assess each patient's condition from date of admission through the first two days of the hospital stay (or a maximum of 30 hours, based on when the patient was admitted to the hospital). This system represents a summarization of patient risk/severity, characterized as scores such as predicted probability of death (MQPredDeath) or predicted length of stay (MQPredLOS). These scores, determined from objective data abstracted from medical records, were included as potential risk factors in this report. The MQPredDeath is derived from a logistic regression model and has a value from 0.000 to 1.000. The MQPredLOS is derived from a linear regression model and has no bounds.

The Atlas Outcomes[™] system is based on the examination of numerous Key Clinical Findings (KCFs) such as lab tests, EKG readings, vital signs, the patient's medical history, imaging results, pathology, age, sex, and operative/endoscopy findings. Hospital personnel abstract these KCFs during specified timeframes in the hospitalization. Some pre-admission data are also captured (e.g., cardiac catheterization findings), as are some history findings. The KCF results are entered into algorithms that calculate the overall predicted probability of death or the predicted length of stay.

PHC4 Model Selection

Model selection identified those candidate variables that were statistically significant predictors of the relevant event (i.e., length of stay, rehospitalization–180 day, in-hospital mortality–30 day, or in-hospital complication). Linear regression models were used for length of stay, while binary logistic regression models were used for rehospitalization, mortality, and complication outcomes. Forward stepwise model selection methods were used to determine the significant risk factors. Factors were included in the model if they met the p < 0.10 significance criteria. Evaluation of model performance for linear regression models was accomplished by considering the R-squared (R^2) values. The measures of model adequacy applied to the binary logistic regression models included the percentage explained, R^2 , and the ROC area.

PHC4 Model Coefficients

The coefficients associated with the significant risk factors and their p-values are listed in the following table. (See Appendix D for descriptions of the variables.)

Table 4. Coefficients of Significant Predictors

Significant Predictors	Coefficient	p-value
Chronic Obstructive Pul	monary Disea	se
Length of Stay		
Intercept	0.0830	
•MQPredLOS ¹	0.5622	<0.0001
• Diabetes [†]	0.4382	0.0044
•Age	0.0203	0.0214
Psychological Disorder [†]	0.2695	0.0573
Percent Rehospitalized		
Intercept	-3.5764	
MQPredLOS ¹	0.4763	<0.0001
•Female [†]	-0.6003	<0.0001
 Psychological Disorder[†] 	0.3674	0.0209
Poverty Rate	1.6732	0.0515
Heart Failure [†]	0.3896	0.0631
Pediatric Ast	hma	
Length of Stay		
• Intercept	0.2131	
•MQPredLOS ¹	0.8821	<0.0001
Age-Squared	0.0051	0.0015
Poverty Rate	0.8422	0.0134
•Age	-0.0595	0.0184
●Female [†]	-0.1258	0.0873
Adult Asthr	na	
Length of Stay		
Intercept	1.1034	
•MQPredLOS ¹	0.4255	<0.0001
Psychological Disorder [†]	0.5319	<0.0001
•Age	0.0124	0.0047
•Diabetes [†]	0.3094	0.0154
•Heart Failure [†]	0.6509	0.0246
Alcohol and Drug Abuse [†]	0.5317	0.0794
Percent Rehospitalized	0.0400	
Intercept	-3.6123	10,000.1
MQPredLOS ¹ Devertu Dete	0.3369	< 0.0001
Poverty Rate Development Disorder [†]	2.1133	0.0015
Psychological Disorder [†]	0.4057	0.0094
•Heart Failure [†]	0.7285	0.0367
Asthma with Status Asthmaticus/Acute Exact	erbation 0.3241	0.0476
Diabetes		
Length of Stay Intercept	0.6483	
MQPredLOS ¹	0.6463	<0.0001
Amputation [†]	3.3388	<0.0001
Heart Failure [†]	1.0942	<0.0001
COPD [†]	0.7840	0.0192
Renal Dialysis [†]	0.7840	0.0192
Poverty Rate Renal Failure [†]	1.5566	0.0489
	0.4585	0.0775
Percent Rehospitalized	-1.7440	
Intercept Age	-0.0360	<0.0001
MQPredLOS ¹	0.2190	<0.0001
Female [†]	0.2190	<0.0001
Diabetes Complications–Long Term		~0.000 I
	-1.8641	0.0005
Diabetes Complications-None Diabetes Complications Short Term		0.0005
Diabetes Complications–Short Term Popal Dialycis [†]	n 0.0000 0.8333	0.0021
•Renal Dialysis [†]	0.8333	0.0031

- j	Coefficient	p-value
Heart Attac	k	
Number of Days Hospitalized		
• Intercept	0.2228	
• MQPredLOS ¹	1.1538	<0.0001
Heart Failure [†]	2.0894	<0.0001
Renal Failure [†]	2.5209	<0.0001
 AMI Type II (Anterior)[†] 	0.4889	0.0002
Median Household Income	-0.0098	0.0090
•Age	0.0165	0.0137
•Female [†]	0.2418	0.0302
 Alcohol and Drug Abuse[†] 	0.3893	0.0953
In-Hospital Mortality		
•Intercept	-1.0724	
Logit of MQPredDeath ²	0.9037	<0.0001
•AMI Type I (Q-Wave) [†]	0.5702	<0.0001
Renal Failure [†]	0.6826	<0.0001
Heart Failure [†]	0.4641	0.0008
•Diabetes [†]	0.2964	0.0278
Hysterectomy–Ab	dominal	
Length of Stay		
Intercept	0.5506	
• MQPredLOS ¹	1.1178	<0.0001
Poverty Rate	1.4728	<0.0001
•Age	-0.0157	<0.0001
In-Hospital Complications		
Intercept	-3.4076	
MQPredLOS ¹	0.4267	<0.0001
Poverty Rate	1.5320	<0.0001
Hysterectomy-	Vaginal	
Length of Stay		
Intercept	2.2206	
Laparoscopic Procedure [†]	-0.2240	<0.0001
Age-Squared	0.0006	<0.0001
Poverty Rate	0.8413	<0.0001
 PDxGrp³–Bleeding/Other PDx 	-0.0995	<0.0001
• PDxGrp ³ –Fibroids/Hyperplasia/etc.	0.0000	-0.0001
•Age	-0.0452	<0.0001
•MQPredLOS ¹	0.1373	0.0003
Psychological Disorder [†]	0.1067	0.0136
• Diabetes [†]	0.1123	0.0964
In-Hospital Complications		
Intercept	-3.9599	
• MQPredLOS ¹	0.6474	<0.0001
 Median Household Income 	0.0080	0.0536
•Age	-0.0126	0.0625
Breast Cancer Procedure	s–Lumpector	ny
Length of Stay		
•Intercept	0.3093	
•MQPredLOS ¹	0.3524	<0.0001
Median Household Income	-0.0061	<0.0001
•Age	0.0073	0.0104
• Diabetes [†]	0.1793	0.0471
In-Hospital Complications		
Intercept	-4.8382	
•MQPredLOS ¹	0.5356	0.0022
• MQPredLOS		

¹*Atlas Outcomes*TM Predicted Length of Stay [†]These factors were tested as binary variables.²*Atlas Outcomes*TM Predicted Probability of Death³Principle Diagnosis Group

Significant Predictors	Coefficient	p-value	
Breast Cancer Procedure	s-Mastector		
Length of Stay			
• Intercept	1.2116		
•Reconstruction–Concurrent [†]	1.8666	<0.0001	
• MQPredLOS ¹	0.1943	< 0.0001	
Poverty Rate	1.3361	<0.0001	
• Diabetes [†]	0.1870	0.0794	
In-Hospital Complications			
Intercept	-3.2476		
•Reconstruction–Concurrent [†]	0.8398	<0.0001	
 History of Breast Cancer[†] 	0.7418	0.0788	
Neck and Back Procedure	es With Fusic	on	
Length of Stay			
Intercept	1.8773		
 Location–Dorsal and Dorsolumbar 	1.6009		
 Location–Lumbar and Lumbosacral 	0.0000	<0.0001	
 Location–Cervical/Atlas-Axis 	-1.5967		
• MQPredLOS ¹	0.7999	<0.0001	
 Technique–Multiple 	0.1412		
 Technique–Posterior/Lateral 	0.0000	<0.0001	
 Technique–Anterior 	-0.5972		
Poverty Rate	1.9325	<0.0001	
 PxGroup²–Both 	0.7315		
 PxGroup²–Discectomy 	0.2781	<0.0001	
 PxGroup²–Laminectomy 	0.0000		
•PDxGroup ³ –Other Disk Disorders	0.0000		
 PDxGroup³-Narrow Spinal Canal 	-0.2776	<0.0001	
 PDxGroup³–Disc Degeneration 	-0.4695	VU.000	
 PDxGroup³–Disc Displacement 	-0.2770		
Psychological Disorder [†]	0.2259	0.0003	
Hypertensive Disease [†]	0.0867	0.0529	
•COPD [†]	0.2114	0.0810	
In-Hospital Complications			
Intercept	-2.9950		
 Location–Lumbar and Lumbosacral 	0.0000	_	
 Location–Dorsal and Dorsolumbar 	1.2764	<0.0001	
Location-Cervical/Atlas-Axis	-1.1891		
• MQPredLOS ¹	0.3770	<0.0001	
Poverty Rate	2.0573	0.0073	
 Technique–Multiple 	0.2970		
Technique–Posterior/Lateral	0.0000	0.0123	
 Technique–Anterior 	-0.3618		

Table 4. Coefficients of Significant Predictors continued

Significant Predictors	Coefficient	p-value
Neck and Back Procedures	s Without Fus	sion
Length of Stay		
Intercept	-0.2749	
 MQPredLOS¹ 	1.4681	<0.0001
•Age	-0.0194	<0.0001
Poverty Rate	1.9396	<0.0001
 PxGroup²–Discectomy 	0.0626	
 PxGroup²–Laminectomy 	0.0000	<0.0001
 PxGroup²–Both 	0.4640	
•Female [†]	-0.1758	<0.0001
 PDxGroup³–Other Disk Disorders 	0.0000	
 PDxGroup³–Disc Degeneration 	-0.5394	<0.0001
 PDxGroup³–Disc Displacement 	-0.3411	<0.0001
 PDxGroup³–Narrow Spinal Canal 	-0.4918	
 Hypertensive Disease[†] 	0.1394	<0.0001
 Psychological Disorder[†] 	0.1329	0.0048
 Muscular Skeletal Disorder[†] 	0.1209	0.0431
In-Hospital Complications		
Intercept	-3.3113	
•PxGroup ² –Discectomy	-0.3852	
 PxGroup²–Both 	0.3468	<0.0001
 PxGroup²–Laminectomy 	0.0000	
 Median Household Income 	-0.0163	<0.0001
• MQPredLOS ¹	0.3722	<0.0001
•Age	0.0089	0.0852
Prostatecto	ту	
Length of Stay		
Intercept	2.0416	
•MQPredLOS ¹	0.3453	<0.0001
Poverty Rate	1.7421	<0.0001
• Obesity [†]	0.5119	0.0105
• Diabetes [†]	0.2843	0.0172
In-Hospital Complications		
Intercept	-2.4871	
• Obesity [†]	0.7778	0.0455
 Hypertensive Disease[†] 	0.2763	0.0745

¹*Atlas Outcomes[™]* Predicted Length of Stay ²Procedure Group ³Principal Diagnosis Group [†]These factors were tested as binary variables.

Calculation of Risk-Adjusted Outcomes

Actual and expected rates and statistical ratings (greater than expected, as expected, or less than expected) were calculated for length of stay, percent rehospitalized, in-hospital mortality—30 day, and/or in-hospital complications for each appropriate clinical condition. The expected rate was based on the risk factors of the hospitalizations included. Actual and expected rates could then be compared to determine if differences were statistically significant.

Determining Actual (Observed) Rates

Length of Stay	This value was determined as the arithmetic mean length of stay for the hospitalizations included for a particular condition.
Percent Rehospitalized	This rate was determined by dividing the total number of members rehospitalized (at least once) to a general or specialty acute care hospital within 180 days of discharge (from the last hospitalization in the episode) by the total number of members hospitalized for that particular principal diagnoses.
In-Hospital Mortality (Heart Attack only)	This rate was determined by dividing the total number of patients who died in the hospital within 30 days of the admit date of the index heart attack hospitalization by the total number of patients hospitalized with a heart attack.
In-Hospital Complication	This rate was determined by dividing the total number of hospitalizations with at least one complication by the total number of hospitalizations included for that particular condition.

Determining Expected Rates

The models for each outcome used the risk factor values and corresponding coefficients to provide a predicted value (predicted length of stay, probability of rehospitalization, predicted probability of death, or probability of complication) for each observation after exclusions. The expected rate for an individual HMO plan was the average of these predicted values for all observations associated with the plan.

For both the linear and logistic regression models, the first step to determine these predicted values was to multiply the vector of model coefficients (ß) by the vector of risk factors (X). This value, ßX, is calculated for each patient and equals:

$$\beta X_{1} = \beta_{0} + \beta_{1} x_{1} + \beta_{2} x_{2} + \beta_{3} x_{3} \dots$$

where

 β_n = the relevant model coefficient (see Table 4; β_0 is the intercept) X_n = the value of the risk factor for this patient

(risk factors that are binary, i.e., yes/no, were coded as yes = 1 and no =0)

For linear models, the value ßX was the final predicted value. For logistic models, the predicted value was calculated as:

$$p = \frac{e^{\beta X}}{1 + e^{\beta X}}$$

where $e \approx 2.7182818285$

Linear Exa	mple – Calculations Used in COPD Length of Stay (LOS)		
Total Cases:	Number of hospitalizations after exclusions (equal to n).		
Actual Length of Stay:	Mean of the length of stay for each hospitalization.		
Expected Length of Stay:	Mean of the predicted length of stay for each hospitalization.		
	Step 1: Calculate each patient's predicted length of stay (PLOS):		
	$PLOS = ßX = g_0 + g_1x_1 + g_2x_2 + g_3x_3 + g_4x_4 = 0.0830 + (0.5622)(x_1) + (0.4382)(x_2) + (0.0203)(x_3) + (0.2695)(x_4) where x_1 = MediQual PredLOS value x_2 = Diabetes (yes = 1, no = 0) x_3 = Patient Age in years x_4 = Psychological Disorder (yes = 1, no = 0)$		
(ß's can be found in Table 4.) Step 2: Calculate the mean PLOS for an HMO plan:			
	Mean PLOS = $\frac{\Sigma PLOS}{n}$		
Risk-Adjusted Length of Stay:	Mean Actual LOS Mean PLOS (Mean Actual LOS for the HMO and FFS databases combined)		

Total Cases:	Number of hospitalizations after exclusions (equal to n).	
Actual Percent Rehospitalized:	Total number of members rehospitalized at least once / total number of hospitalizations.	
Predicted Percent Rehospitalized:	Mean of the predicted probability of rehospitalization for each hospitalization.	
	Step 1: Calculate each patient's predicted rehospitalization percent (PRehosp):	
	$ \begin{split} & \beta X &= \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \beta_3 x_3 + \beta_4 x_4 + \beta_5 x_5 \\ &= -3.5764 + (0.4763)(x_1) + (-0.6003)(x_2) + (0.3674)(x_3) + (1.6732)(x_4) + \\ & (0.3896)(x_5) \end{split} $	
	where $x_1 = MediQual PredLOS$ $x_2 = Female (yes = 1, no = 0)$ $x_3 = Psychological Disorder (yes = 1, no = 0)$ $x_4 = Poverty Rate of patient's zip code$ $x_5 = Heart Failure (yes = 1, no = 0)$ (ß's can be found in Table 4.)	
	$PRehosp = \frac{e^{\beta X}}{1 + e^{\beta X}}$	
	Step 2: Calculate the mean PRehosp for an HMO plan:	
	Mean PRehosp = $\frac{\Sigma PRehosp}{n}$	
Risk-Adjusted Percent Rehospitalized:	Mean Actual Percent Rehospitalized (Mean Actual Percent Rehospitalized for) Mean Predicted Percent Rehospitalized (the HMO and FFS databases combined)	

Statistical Ratings

Significance tests (using binomial distribution) were performed for the measures listed in the table below.

Table 5. Binomial Distribution, by Measure

Measure	Clinical Conditions
Hospitalization Rate (Members hospitalized for a given clinical condition per HMO population)	Ear, Nose and Throat Infections; High Blood Pressure; Gastrointestinal Infections; Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections; Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease; Asthma; Diabetes
Procedure Rate (Members hospitalized for a hysterectomy)	Hysterectomy
In-Hospital Mortality (Death vs. No Death)	Heart Attack
In-Hospital Complications (Complication vs. No Complication)	Hysterectomy, Breast Cancer Procedures, Neck and Back Procedures, Prostatectomy

Although the measures for any single HMO plan may be comparable to the statewide norm (or HMO aggregate), random variation plays a role in such comparisons. Statistical evaluation was used to determine whether the difference between the observed and the expected (or average) value was *too large* to be attributed solely to chance.

Binomial Distribution

The use of binomial distribution required the following assumptions:

- each observation included in the study had one of two observable events (e.g., inhospital complication vs. no in-hospital complication). In other words, the response was dichotomous.
- the probability of the event (e.g., having a complication) for each observation studied within a clinical condition group was equal to the probability provided by the risk models.
- the result for any one observation in the analyses had no impact on the result of another observation. In other words, the observations were independent.

The probability distributions were based on the HMO plans' predicted or expected rates. Using the probability distribution, a p-value was calculated for each observed value. This p-value is the probability, or likelihood, that the observed value could have occurred by chance. If it was very unlikely (p < 0.05; see "Inferential Error" section below) that the observed value could have occurred only by chance, then it was concluded that the observed value was "significantly different" from the expected value.

Calculation of p-values

Calculating the p-value for the binomial test is defined by a formula that sums discrete probabilities based upon the binomial distribution. The binomial formula (see below) was used, in part, to

derive the p-value. The probability that a binomial random variable takes on a specific value is defined by the following equation (i.e., the binomial formula):

$$P(X=a) = [(N!)/(a!(N-a)!)] p^{a}(1-p)^{N-a}$$

where (for in-hospital complications analysis),

- P(X=a) is the probability that the binomial random variable (X) takes on a specific value (a); that is, a = 1 hospitalization with complication, a = 2 hospitalizations with complications, etc.
- X is the binomial random variable. X is a discrete random variable that can range from 0 through N ($0 \le X \le N$).
- N is the number of observations for a particular HMO plan's clinical condition.
- p is the overall expected probability of patient in-hospital complications for a particular HMO plan's clinical condition.

The p-value for a specific result is determined to be the sum of all probabilities associated with that result and all other results that are more extreme. The p-value associated with the observed number of in-hospital complications was calculated for each HMO plan and clinical condition.

Inferential Error

A type of inferential error that can be made in statistics is called a Type I error or "false positive." The probability of committing a Type I error is equal to the level of significance established by the researcher. For the current analysis, the level of significance was set to 0.05. In the context of the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, a Type I error occurred when the difference between the observed in-hospital complications percent and the expected in-hospital complications percent was declared statistically significant, when in fact, the difference was due to chance. That is, for a particular clinical condition, the HMO plan was declared to be statistically higher or lower than expected, when in reality the HMO plan's level of performance was comparable to the statewide norm. Since the level of significance was set to 0.05, there was a 5% (or 1 in 20) chance of committing this type of error.

Assignment of Statistical Rating

A statistical rating was assigned to each HMO if the difference between what was observed and what was expected in a particular clinical condition was statistically significant. The p-value, calculated in terms of a "two-tailed" test was compared to the level of significance. For example, in the calculation of in-hospital complications percent for each HMO:

- if the calculated p-value was greater than or equal to 0.05, then the conclusion was made that the difference between what was expected and what was observed was *not* statistically significant. It *cannot be concluded* that the in-hospital complications percent for that particular clinical condition in that particular HMO was different from the comparative reference.
- if the calculated p-value was less than 0.05, then the conclusion was made that the difference between what was expected and what was observed *was* statistically significant.
 - ➤ If the observed in-hospital complications percent was lower than expected, which was based on the statewide in-hospital complications percent, the HMO was assigned the symbol "○" (as shown in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report) to indicate the in-hospital complications percent was significantly lower than expected for a particular clinical condition.

If the observed in-hospital complications percent was higher than expected, which was based on the statewide in-hospital complications percent, the HMO was assigned the symbol "•" (as shown in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report) to indicate the in-hospital complications percent was significantly higher than expected for a particular clinical condition.

In the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, statistical ratings are shown for HMO plans that have sufficient records. When the number of records for analysis was less than 10, "NR" (Not Reported) is displayed (except for analyses related to the rate of hospitalizations or procedures).

Treatment Measures Calculated by PHC4

PREVENTING HOSPITALIZATION THROUGH PRIMARY CARE

Pediatric Ear, Nose and Throat Infections

Inclusion Criteria

Cases were included in the data analysis for pediatric ear, nose, and throat infections if they included as a principal diagnosis one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed under this condition in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." Pediatric HMO members included in this analysis were 0 through 17 years of age. A total of 611 admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Hospitalization Rate and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate shown for each HMO used the total number of pediatric index hospitalizations per 10,000 pediatric members. Of the 647 hospitalizations for pediatric ear, nose, and throat infections submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 36 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 6A. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

<u>Throat Infections</u>		
	Total HMO I	Hospitalizations
	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	647	100.0
Exclusions:		
✤ Neonate (age < 28 days)	23	3.6
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	4	0.6
Extensive OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis*	1	0.2
Mechanical Ventilation*	6	0.9
✤ Tracheitis*	2	0.3
Metastatic Cancer; Ear, Nose, and Throat Cancer; Lung Cancer; HIV Infection; Tracheostomy; Cleft Lip and Palate Repair*	0	0.0
Total exclusions	36	5.6
Total members remaining in analysis	611	94.4

Table 6A. Exclusions from "Hospitalization Rate" Analysis for Pediatric Ear, Nose and Throat Infections

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions.

Adult Ear, Nose and Throat Infections

Inclusion Criteria

Cases were included in the data analysis for adult ear, nose, and throat infections if they included as a principal diagnosis one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed under this condition in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." Adult HMO members included in this analysis were 18 through 64 years of age. A total of 490 admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Hospitalization Rate and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate shown for each HMO used the total number of adult index hospitalizations per 10,000 adult members. Of the 508 hospitalizations for adult ear, nose, and throat infections submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 18 records were excluded.

These hospitalizations are listed in Table 6B. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

<u>Infections</u>		
	Total HMO	Hospitalizations
	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	508	100.0
Exclusions:		
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	8	1.6
Metastatic Cancer*	3	0.6
✤ HIV Infection*	1	0.2
Extensive OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis*	1	0.2
Mechanical Ventilation*	4	0.8
Tracheostomy*	1	0.2
Ear, Nose, and Throat Cancer; Lung Cancer; Cleft Lip and Palate Repair; Tracheitis*	0	0.0
Total exclusions	18	3.5
Total members remaining in analysis	490	96.5

Table 6B. Exclusions from "Hospitalization Rate" Analysis for Adult Ear, Nose and Throat Infections

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions.

High Blood Pressure (Hypertension)

Inclusion Criteria

Only adult (18 through 64 years of age) HMO members were included in this analysis. Cases were included in the data analysis for high blood pressure if they included as a principal diagnosis one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed under this condition in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." A total of 572 admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Hospitalization Rate and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate shown for each HMO used the total number of index hospitalizations per 10,000 adult members. Of the 611 hospitalizations for hypertension submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 39 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 6C. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 6C.	Exclusions from	"Hospitalization Rate"	' Analysis for High Blood Pressure

	Total HMO Hospitalizations	
	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	611	100.0
Exclusions:		
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	29	4.7
 Metastatic Cancer* 	1	0.2
Renal Dialysis*	2	0.3
✤ Open Heart Surgery*	1	0.2
Extensive OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis*	5	0.8
PTCA/Stent*	1	0.2
HIV Infection; Mechanical Ventilation; Tracheostomy*	0	0.0
Total exclusions	39	6.4
Total members remaining in analysis	572	93.6

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions.

Gastrointestinal Infections

Inclusion Criteria

Cases were included in the data analysis for gastrointestinal infections if they included as a principal diagnosis one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed under this condition in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." HMO members included in this analysis were 0 through 64 years of age. A total of 1,168 admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Hospitalization Rate and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate shown for each HMO used the total number of index hospitalizations per 10,000 members. Of the 1,229 hospitalizations for gastrointestinal infections submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 61 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 6D. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 6D. Exclusions from "Hospitalization Rate" Analysis for Gastrointestinal Infections

	Total HMO Hospitalizations	
	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	1,229	100.0
Exclusions:		
✤ Neonate (age < 28 days)	2	0.2
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	17	1.4
 Gastrointestinal Cancer* 	18	1.5
Metastatic Cancer*	12	1.0
✤ HIV Infection*	2	0.2
Extensive OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis*	1	0.1
Major Large and Small Bowel Procedures*	4	0.3
Other Digestive System OR Procedures with Complications*	5	0.4
Total exclusions	61	5.0
Total members remaining in analysis	1,168	95.0

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions.

Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections

Inclusion Criteria

Cases were included in the data analysis for kidney/urinary tract infections if they included as a principal diagnosis one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed under this condition in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." HMO members included in this analysis were 0 through 64 years of age. A total of 1,317 records, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Hospitalization Rate and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate shown for each HMO used the total number of index hospitalizations per 10,000 members. Of the 1,443 hospitalizations for kidney/urinary tract infections submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 126 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 6E. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total HMO H	Total HMO Hospitalizations		
	N	% of Total		
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	1,443	100.0		
Exclusions:				
Neonate (age < 28 days)	7	0.5		
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	35	2.4		
Metastatic Cancer*	24	1.7		
Kidney/Urinary Tract Cancer*	1	0.1		
HIV Infection*	1	0.1		
Chronic Renal Failure*	13	0.9		
Renal Dialysis*	11	0.8		
Cases in DRGs Unrelated to Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections *	34	2.4		
Total exclusions	126	8.7		
Total members remaining in analysis	1,317	91.3		

Table 6E.	Exclusions from	"Hospitalization Rat	e" Analysis	for Kidney/Urinary	Tract
	Infections				

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions and DRGs used to define Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections.

MANAGING ON-GOING ILLNESSES

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)

Inclusion Criteria

Only adult (18 through 64 years of age) HMO members were included in this analysis. Cases were included in the data analysis for COPD if they included as a principal diagnosis one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed under this condition in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." A total of 1,061 admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Utilization/Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate is shown for each HMO using the total number of index hospitalizations per 10,000 adult HMO members. Of the 1,356 hospitalizations for COPD submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 295 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 7A. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total HMO Hospitalizations		
	N	% of Total	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	1,356	100.0	
Exclusions:			
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	193	14.2	
Cases in DRGs Unrelated to COPD*	68	5.0	
Metastatic Cancer*	19	1.4	
✤ Lung Cancer*	14	1.0	
✤ HIV Infection*	1	0.1	
Mechanical Ventilation; Tracheostomy*	0	0.0	
Total exclusions	295	21.8	
Total members remaining in analysis	1,061	78.2	

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions and DRGs used to define COPD.

Length of Stay (risk-adjusted). The inpatient length of stay measure was calculated from the COPD index hospitalization only, beginning with the date of admission and ending with the date of discharge of the index hospitalization (length of stay was calculated as discharge date minus admit date). Hospitalizations that were excluded from the risk-adjusted length of stay analysis for

COPD are listed in Table 7B. The HMO and the fee-for-service combined database was used as the comparative reference.

Table / B. Exclusions from Length of Stay	(LUS) Analysis IU	COFD	
	Total HMO an	d Fee-for-Service H	ospitalizations
	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	1,997	100.0	4.7
Hospitalization Rate Exclusions	417	20.9	7.6
 Death in Hospital 	7	0.4	7.6
✤ Missing Atlas Outcomes [™] Score	17	0.9	3.8
Outlier ¹ /Missing or Invalid ² LOS	7	0.4	20.1
Total exclusions	448	22.4	7.6
Total members remaining in analysis	1,549	77.6	3.9

¹LOS values that were > 15 days.

²LOS values that were

<u>Percent Rehospitalized</u> (risk-adjusted). For percent rehospitalized, the first return hospitalization for respiratory-related acute care (MDC 4) within 180 days of discharge from an acute care facility in Pennsylvania was used. For multiple-hospitalization episodes, the discharge date of the last hospitalization (which may not be COPD-related) in the COPD episode was used as the start point for counting the 180 days. If a member was rehospitalized multiple times, he or she was still counted as <u>one</u> member who was rehospitalized. Exclusions are listed in Table 7C. The HMO and the fee-for-service combined database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 7C. Exclusions from "Percent Rehospitalized" Analysis for COPD

	Total HMO and Fee-for-Service Hospitalizations		
	Ν	% of Total	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	1,997	100.0	
 Length of Stay Exclusions 	448	22.4	
✤ Non-PA Resident	13	0.7	
Invalid Social Security Number	3	0.2	
Invalid Admit Date/Discharge Date/Birth Date/Sex	0	0.0	
Total exclusions	464	23.2	
Total members remaining in analysis	1,533	76.8	

Pediatric and Adult Asthma

Inclusion Criteria

Pediatric (0 through 17 of age) and adult (18 through 64 years of age) cases were analyzed separately. HMO cases were included in the data analysis if they included as a principal diagnosis one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed under this condition in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." A total of 1,336 pediatric admissions and 1,707 adult admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Utilization/ Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate (age and sex-adjusted)</u>. The hospitalization rate is shown for each HMO using the total number of asthma index hospitalizations per 10,000 pediatric/adult members. Of the 1,414 pediatric hospitalizations for asthma submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 78 records were excluded. Of the 1,994 adult hospitalizations submitted, 287 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 7D. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total HMO Hospitalizations			
	Pediatric		Ac	dult
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	1,414	100.0	1,994	100.0
Exclusions:			[
Neonate (age < 28 days)	0	0.0	NA	NA
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	75	5.3	252	12.6
✤ HIV Infection*	0	0.0	2	0.1
Metastatic Cancer*	0	0.0	7	0.4
Lung Cancer*	0	0.0	2	0.1
Tracheostomy*	0	0.0	5	0.3
Mechanical Ventilation*	3	0.2	19	1.0
Total exclusions	78	5.5	287	14.4
Total members remaining in analysis	1,336	94.5	1,707	85.6

Table 7D. Exclusions from "Hospitalization Rate" Analyses for Asthma

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions. NA: Not Applicable

Length of Stay (risk-adjusted). Length of stay was calculated from the asthma index hospitalization only, beginning with the date of admission and ending with the date of discharge of the index hospitalization (length of stay was calculated as discharge date minus admit date). Hospitalizations that were excluded from the risk-adjusted length of stay analysis for asthma are listed in Table 7E. The HMO and the fee-for-service combined database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 7E. Exclusions from "Length of Stay" (LOS) Analyses for Asthma

	Total HMO and Fee-for-Service Hospitalizations						
	Pediatric				Adult		
		% of	Avg.		% of	Avg.	
	N	Total	LOS	N	Total	LOS	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	1,742	100.0	2.1	2,729	100.0	3.5	
Exclusions:				1			
Hospitalization Rate Exclusions	95	5.5	2.4	374	13.7	5.4	
Death in Hospital	0	0.0	NA	3	0.1	6.0	
✤ Missing Atlas Outcomes [™] Score	27	1.5	2.2	27	1.0	3.5	
Outlier ¹ /Missing or Invalid ² LOS	0	0.0	NA	2	0.1	18.5	
Total exclusions	122	7.0	2.4	406	14.9	5.3	
Total members remaining in analysis	1,620	93.0	2.1	2,323	85.1	3.2	

 $^{1}_{2}$ LOS values that were > 10 days for pediatric asthma and > 15 days for adult asthma.

²LOS value < 0.

NA: Not Applicable

<u>Percent Rehospitalized</u> (risk-adjusted) was calculated for adult asthma only. Because pediatric cases frequently lack social security number identification, potential rehospitalizations cannot be linked to previous hospitalizations. Thus, the percent rehospitalized analysis was not reported for pediatric asthma cases.

For percent rehospitalized, the first return hospitalization for respiratory-related acute care (MDC 4) within 180 days of discharge from an acute care facility in Pennsylvania was used. For multiple-hospitalization episodes, the discharge date of the last hospitalization (which may not be asthma-related) in the asthma episode was used as the start point for counting the 180 days. If a member was rehospitalized multiple times, he or she was still counted as <u>one</u> member who was rehospitalized. Exclusion criteria for percent rehospitalized are listed in Table 7F. The HMO and the fee-for-service combined database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total HMO and Fee-for-Service Hospitalizations		
	Ν	% of Total	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	2,729	100.0	
Length of Stay Exclusions	406	14.9	
✤ Non-PA Resident	29	1.1	
Invalid Social Security Number	18	0.7	
Invalid Admit Date/Discharge Date/Birth Date/Sex	1	< 0.1	
Total exclusions	454	16.6	
Total members remaining in analysis	2.275	83.4	

Table 7F. Exclusions from "Percent Rehospitalized" Analysis for Adult Asthma

Diabetes

Inclusion Criteria

Hospitalizations for HMO members (18 through 75 years of age) were included in this analysis only if: 1) the member was identified as having diabetes according to HEDIS NCQA guidelines, 2) met continuous enrollment requirements set by NCQA, and 3) the hospitalization had a principal, diagnosis of diabetes (ICD-9-CM codes are listed in Appendix A: *Description of Study Population*). Note that the age interval for this analysis is different from the other clinical treatments/conditions included in the report. A total of 1,294 admissions, after exclusions, were included in the hospitalization rate analysis.

Utilization/Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate is shown for each HMO using the total number of adult HMO members with diabetes hospitalized per 10,000 diabetic members. Of the 1,897 hospitalizations for diabetes submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 603 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 7G. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 7G. Exclusions from "Hospitalization Rate" Analysis for Diabetes

	Total HMO Hospitalizations	
	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	1,897	100.0
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	309	16.3
✤ Metastatic Cancer*	12	0.6
✤ HIV Infection*	1	0.1
✤ Major Organ Transplant*	50	2.6
Cases in DRGs Unrelated to Diabetes*	231	12.2
Total exclusions	603	31.8
Total members remaining in analysis	1,294	68.2

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions and DRGs used to define diabetes.

Length of Stay (risk-adjusted). Length of stay was calculated from the diabetes index hospitalization, beginning with the date of admission and ending with the date of discharge of the hospitalization (length of stay was calculated as discharge date minus admit date). Hospitalizations that were excluded from the risk-adjusted length of stay analysis for diabetes are listed in the Table 7H. The HMO and the fee-for-service combined database was used as the comparative reference.

Total HMO and Fee-for-Service Hospitalizations			
Ν	% of Total	Avg. LOS	
2,944	100.0	5.0	
922	31.3	6.9	
8	0.3	18.6	
29	1.0	5.1	
7	0.2	41.6	
966	32.8	7.2	
1,978	67.2	4.0	
	Total HMO and <u>N</u> <u>2,944</u> 922 8 29 7 <u>966</u>	N % of Total 2,944 100.0 922 31.3 8 0.3 29 1.0 7 0.2 966 32.8	

Table 7H. Exclusions from "Length of Stay" (LOS) Analysis for Diabetes

 1 LOS values that were > 30 days.

 2 LOS value < 0.

<u>Percent of Admissions for Short-Term Complications of Diabetes.</u> For all diabetes hospitalizations included in the hospitalization rate analysis, PHC4 also calculated the percent that were hospitalized due to short-term complications of diabetes. These hospitalizations may be an immediate reflection of how well members are managing their diabetes. Short-term complications of diabetes are acute, life-threatening events related to blood sugar control. The following codes were used to identify short-term complications: 250.02, 250.03, 250.10-250.13, 250.20-250.23, 250.30-250.33.

<u>Percent Rehospitalized</u> (risk-adjusted). For percent rehospitalized, the first return hospitalization for diabetes-related acute care within 180 days of discharge from an acute care facility in Pennsylvania was used. For multiple-hospitalization episodes, the discharge date of the last hospitalization (which may not be diabetes-related) in the diabetes episode was used as the start point for counting the 180 days. If a member was rehospitalized multiple times, he or she was still counted as one member who was rehospitalized. Exclusion criteria for percent rehospitalized are listed in Table 7I. The HMO and the fee-for-service combined database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total HMO and Fee-for-Service Hospitalizations	
	Ν	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	2,944	100.0
Exclusions:		
 Length of Stay Exclusions 	966	32.8
Non-PA Resident	41	1.4
Invalid Social Security Number	9	0.3
Invalid Admit Date/Discharge Date/Birth Date/Sex	2	0.1
Total exclusions	1,018	34.6
Total members remaining in analysis	1,926	65.4

Table 7I. Exclusions from "Percent Rehospitalized" Analysis for Diabetes

HEART ATTACK (AMI)

Inclusion Criteria

Only adult (18 through 64 years of age) HMO members were included in this analysis. Cases that were assigned a principal diagnosis of one of the ICD-9-CM codes for heart attack (see Appendix A: "Description of Study Population") were included in the analyses. A total of 3,318 admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Utilization/Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Hospitalization Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The hospitalization rate is shown for each HMO using the total number of AMI index hospitalizations per 10,000 adult members. Of the 4,006 hospitalizations for heart attack submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of*

Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs report, 688 records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 8A. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total HMO F	Total HMO Hospitalizations	
	N	% of Total	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	4,006	100.0	
Exclusions:			
 Case in which patient returned to the hospital after identified as having died 	1	< 0.1	
Subsequent Hospitalization(s) (non-index) for the Same Person	668	16.7	
HIV Infection*	5	0.3	
Metastatic Cancer*	14	0.1	
Heart or Lung Transplant*	0	0.0	
Total exclusions	688	17.2	
Total members remaining in analysis	3.318	82.8	

Table 8A. Exclusions from "Hospitalization Rate" Analysis for Heart Attack

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions.

<u>In-Hospital Mortality</u> (risk-adjusted). Because the treatment of AMI is complex, a 30-day period is used to determine in-hospital mortality. In this analysis, the death must: 1) occur within the index AMI hospitalization itself or another acute care (MDC 5) hospitalization in the AMI episode, and 2) occur within 30 days of the admit date of the index AMI hospitalization. The exclusions to the analysis of in-hospital mortality for heart attack are listed below in Table 8B. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 8B. Exclusions from "In-Hospital Mortality" Analysis for Heart Attack

	Total Statewide Hospitalizations	
	Ν	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	14,580	100.0
Exclusions:		
 Hospitalization Rate Exclusions 	25,08	17.2
✤ Missing Atlas Outcomes [™] Score	168	1.2
Invalid Social Security Number*	191	1.3
Invalid Admit Date/Discharge Date/Birth Date/Sex*	9	0.1
Total exclusions	2,876	19.7
Total members remaining in analysis	11,704	80.3

*Hospitalizations were excluded because it was indeterminable (due to invalid SSN, dates, sex, etc.) whether these patients were hospitalized (and died) at another time following the index AMI hospitalization.

<u>Number of Days Hospitalized</u> (risk-adjusted). Rather than reporting length of stay, the Number of Days hospitalized for individual heart attack patients is reported as an indicator of the time spent in the hospital(s) for heart attack treatment. The Number of Days hospitalized for heart attack patients consists of the total time spent in the hospital or the sum of individual MDC 5 hospitalizations that began no more than 30 days from the admit date of the index heart attack are listed in Table 8C. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total Statewide Hospitalizations	
	Ν	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	14,580	100.0
 In-Hospital Mortality Exclusions 	2,876	19.7
Death in Hospital Within 30 Days ¹	363	2.5
Death in Hospital After 30 Days but Within an AMI Episode ²	19	0.1
Outliers ³ /Missing or Invalid ⁴ LOS	87	0.6
Total exclusions	3,345	22.9
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	11,235	77.1

Table 8C	Exclusions from	"Number of Da	vs Hosnitalized"	∆nalvsi	s for Heart Attack
	Exclusions nom		ys mospitumzcu	Analysi	S IOI IICUIT ALLOCA

¹Refers to a death that occurs within 30 days of the admission date of the index hospitalization.

²Refers to a death that occurs beyond 30 days of the admission date of the index hospitalization. ³Hospitalizations in which days hospitalized > 45.

⁴LOS value < 0.

Other Cardiac Procedures Associated with Any Single Heart Attack Patient

Percent Receiving Cardiac Catheterization. The diagnostic cardiac catheterization procedure (ICD-9-CM codes 37.22 or 37.23) must have been performed (in any MDC 5 hospitalization, regardless of principal diagnosis) within 30 days of (or 3 days prior to) the index hospitalization admit date for a heart attack. Calculation of the catheterization percent incorporated the number of heart attack patients receiving catheterization procedures by plan in the numerator and the number of heart attack patients for each plan in the denominator. Note, when a procedure code for a diagnostic catheterization was not present in a heart attack record, it was assumed that the procedure was performed in conjunction with or prior to PTCA/Stent procedures and CABG surgeries, since all cases require a diagnostic catheterization in order to undergo therapeutic intervention/coronary revascularization.

Percent Receiving PTCA/Stent. The codes associated with PTCA/Stent include ICD-9-CM codes 36.01, 36.02, 36.05, 36.06, and 36.07. To be included in the analyses, these procedures must have been performed in any MDC 5 hospitalization within 30 days of the index hospitalization admit date for a heart attack. Calculation of this percent incorporated the number of heart attack patients receiving PTCA/Stent procedures for individual HMO plans in the numerator and the number of heart attack patients per plan in the denominator.

Percent Receiving Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG). The ICD-9-CM codes associated with bypass surgery include 36.10-36.17, and 36.19. One or more of these procedure codes must have been present in any MDC 5 hospitalization within 30 days of the index hospitalization admit date for a heart attack. Calculation of the bypass surgery percent incorporated the number of heart attack patients receiving CABG procedures by plan in the numerator and the number of heart attack patients by plan in the denominator.

SURGICAL PROCEDURES

Hysterectomy

Inclusion Criteria

In the Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs report, data are reported for abdominal and vaginal hysterectomies combined and separately. The study population included hospitalizations that were assigned a principal or secondary procedure code of hysterectomy (see Appendix A: "Description of Study Population"). Only adult (18 through 64 years of age) female HMO members were included in this analysis. Hysterectomies performed due to cancer (ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes 179, 180.0-180.9, 181, 182.0-182.8, 183.0-183.9, 184.0-184.9, 198.6, 198.82, 233.1-233.3, 236.0-236.3, and 239.5 in any position), trauma of the female reproductive system (ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes 867.4-867.9, 868.00, 868.03, 868.04, 868.09, 868.10, 868.13,

868.14, 868.19, 869.0, 869.1, 879.6-879.9, 906.0, 908.2, 939.1, and 947.4 in any position), or other emergent occurrences such as pregnancy related complications were not included. Thus, only non-traumatic and non-female reproductive malignant hysterectomies were analyzed. A total of 7.901 admissions (5.574 abdominal and 2.327 vaginal hysterectomies), after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Utilization/Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

Procedure Rate (age-adjusted). The procedure rate shown for each HMO used the total number of adult female index hospitalizations per 10,000 adult female members. Of the 8,086 hospitalizations for hysterectomy submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the report, 185 records were excluded; of the 5,783 hospitalizations for abdominal hysterectomy, and 2,348 hospitalizations for vaginal hysterectomy, 164 and 21 records were excluded, respectively. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 9A. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

|--|

		Tota	I HMO Hos	pitalizatior	ns	
	Total		Abdo	Abdominal		inal
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	8,086	100.0	5,738	100.0	2,348	100.0
 Multiple Hysterectomies for One Patient Cancer^{1, 2} 	0 70	0.0 0.9	0 59	0.0 1.0	0 11	0.0 0.5
Hemorrhage on Admission ²	1	< 0.1	1	< 0.1	0	0.0
 Cases in DRGs Unrelated to Hysterectomy² HIV Infection² 	113 1	1.4 < 0.1	103 1	1.8 < 0.1	10 0	0.4 0.0
Total exclusions	185	2.3	164	2.9	21	0.9
Total members remaining in analysis	7,901	97.7	5,574	97.1	2,327	99.1

¹These hospitalizations were excluded due to cancer status of other body sites. As explained under "Inclusion Criteria," hysterectomies performed due to cancer were not included in the data verified by the plans. ²See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions and DRGs used to define hysterectomy.

In-Hospital Complications (risk-adjusted). This measure is reported separately for abdominal and vaginal adult hysterectomies and was calculated for each HMO. In-hospital complications are any one of a particular set of ICD-9-CM codes in any procedure or secondary diagnosis position in the index hysterectomy hospitalization (refer to Appendix C for a detailed description of the in-hospital complications). The exclusions to the in-hospital complications analysis for hysterectomy are outlined in Table 9B. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

	<u>"In-Hospital Complications" Analyses for Hysterectomy</u> Total Statewide Hospitalizations								
	Abdominal Vaginal								
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total					
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	15,287	100.0	6,367	100.0					
Procedure Rate Exclusions	522	3.4	76	1.2					
Missing Atlas Outcomes TM Score	154	1.0	45	0.7					
Total exclusions	676	4.4	121	1.9					
Total members remaining in analysis	14,611	95.6	6.246	98.1					

Length of Stay (risk-adjusted). The inpatient length of stay for hysterectomy is the period of hospitalization beginning with the date of admission of the hospitalization in which the hysterectomy procedure was performed and ending with the date of discharge of the same hospitalization (length of stay was calculated as discharge date minus admit date). The exclusions to the risk-adjusted length of stay analysis for abdominal and vaginal hysterectomy are outlined in Table 9C. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

		Total S	tatewide H	lospitalizati	ions	
		Abdomina	al	1	Vaginal	
	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	15,287	100.0	2.9	6,367	100.0	1.8
Exclusions				1		
In-Hospital Complications Exclusions	676	4.4	5.3	121	1.9	2.7
 Death in Hospital 	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
 Outlier¹/ Missing or Invalid² LOS 	5	< 0.1	34.6	4	0.1	18.5
Total exclusions	681	4.5	5.5	125	2.0	3.2
Total members remaining in analysis	14,606	95.5	2.8	6,242	98.0	1.8

Table 9C. Exclusions from "Length of Stay" (LOS) Analyses for Hysterectomy

 ^{1}LOS > 20 days for abdominal and > 11 days for vaginal hysterectomy hospitalizations. ^{2}LOS value < 0.

Breast Cancer Procedures

Inclusion Criteria

Only adult (age 18 through 64 years of age) female HMO members were included in this analysis. Cases were included in the data analysis for breast cancer procedures if they included a principal diagnosis of breast cancer and a procedure code, in any position, for lumpectomy and/or mastectomy (see Appendix A: "Description of Study Population" for a list of the ICD-9-CM and CPT codes included in the study). Results of analyses are reported for lumpectomy and mastectomy combined and separately. A total of 2,596 admissions (1,880 lumpectomy cases and 716 mastectomy cases), after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Utilization/Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Procedure Rate</u> (age-adjusted). The procedure rate is shown for each HMO using the total number of procedures (lumpectomies and mastectomies, both inpatient and ambulatory) per 10,000 adult female members. Procedure rates were based upon the *total number of breast cancer procedures*, not the number of patients receiving a breast cancer procedure. When two or more procedures (e.g., lumpectomy and mastectomy) were performed <u>at the same time</u> only the most invasive procedure (mastectomy) was included in the analysis. Thus, within an encounter, multiple procedures were tallied only once for the purpose of calculating the procedure rate; however, if a single patient had more than one encounter <u>over the course of the study period</u>, all encounters were included. Of the 2,596 breast cancer procedures (1,880 lumpectomy cases and 716 mastectomy cases) submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, none were excluded (see Table 9D). The HMO database served as the comparative reference.

inpatient and Ambulatory	<u> </u>	т	otal HMO F	Procedures		
	То	otal % of	Lump	ectomy % of	Mastectomy % of	
	N	Total	N	Total	N	Total
Total procedures before exclusions Exclusions:	2,596	100.0	1,880	100.0	716	100.0
 HIV Infection* 	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total exclusions	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total procedures remaining in analysis	2,596	100.0	1,880	100.0	716	100.0

<u>Table 9D. Exclusions from "Procedure Rate" Analyses for Breast Cancer Procedures</u> <u>Inpatient and Ambulatory</u>

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions.

<u>In-Hospital Complications</u> (risk-adjusted). This measure was calculated only for inpatient procedures for each HMO and is reported separately for lumpectomy and mastectomy procedures. In-hospital complications are any one of a particular set of ICD-9-CM codes in any

procedure or secondary diagnosis position in a discharge record associated with the breast cancer procedure (refer to Appendix C for a detailed description of the in-hospital complications). The exclusions to the in-hospital complications analysis are found in Table 9E. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 9E. Exclusions from	"In-Hospital Complications"	" Analyses for	Breast Cancer Procedures-
Inpatient Only			

	Total Statewide Procedures							
	Lum	pectomy	Mastectomy					
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total				
Total procedures ¹ before exclusions Exclusions:	6,196	100.0	2,511	100.0				
Procedure Rate Exclusions	1	< 0.1	0	0.0				
Ambulatory Case ²	5,438	87.8	301	12.0				
Missing Atlas Outcomes TM Score	7	0.1	20	0.8				
Total exclusions	5,446	87.9	321	12.8				
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	750	12.1	2,190	87.2				

¹Includes inpatient and ambulatory cases.

²5,438 lumpectomy and 301 mastectomy statewide records related to ambulatory care were not analyzed in the in-hospital complications percent since this was derived from inpatient cases only.

Length of Stay (risk-adjusted) analyses are reported separately for lumpectomy and mastectomy procedures. Only inpatient hospitalizations were included in the length of stay outcome measure. Length of stay was calculated from a single hospitalization only, beginning with the date of admission and ending with the date of discharge (length of stay was calculated as discharge date minus admit date). Hospitalizations that were excluded from the analysis are listed in Table 9F. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 9F. Exclusions from "Length of Stay" (LOS) Analyses for Breast Cancer Procedures– Inpatient Only

inpatient only								
	Total Statewide Procedures							
	L	umpector	ıy	٨	lastectom	y		
	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS ¹	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS ¹		
Total procedures ² before exclusions Exclusions:	6,196	100.0	1.3	2,511	100.0	2.3		
In-Hospital Complications Exclusions	5,446	87.9	1.3	321	12.8	1.7		
 Death in Hospital 	0	0.0	NA	0	0.0	NA		
Outlier ³ /Missing or Invalid ⁴ LOS	7	0.1	10.9	2	0.1	18.5		
Total exclusions	5,453	88.0	6.1	323	12.9	3.2		
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	743	12.0	1.2	2,188	87.1	2.3		

¹Based on inpatient cases only.

²Includes inpatient and ambulatory cases.

 3 LOS > 7 days for lumpectomy and > 15 days for mastectomy procedures.

⁴LOS value < 0.

NA: Not Applicable

Neck and Back Procedures

Inclusion Criteria

Adult (18 through 64 years of age) HMO members were included in the analyses of neck and back procedures. Cases were included in the data analysis if they included a principal diagnosis and a procedure code (in any position) of one of the ICD-9-CM codes listed in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." A total of 4,993 admissions (1,789 with fusion and 3,204 without fusion), after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Utilization/Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Procedure Rate</u> (age and sex-adjusted). The procedure rate is shown for each HMO using the total number of neck and back procedures (fusion and non-fusion combined) per 10,000 adult

HMO members. Of the 5,023 (1,804 with fusion and 3,219 without fusion) neck and back procedures submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 30 (15 with fusion and 15 without fusion) records were excluded. These hospitalizations are listed in Table 9G. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

		Tota	al HMO Ho	ospitalizati	ions	
	T	otal	With Fusion		Without Fusio	
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total	N	% of Total
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	5,023	100.0	1,804	100.0	3,219	100.0
Exclusions:						
Refusion*	12	0.2	5	0.3	7	0.2
Pathological Spinal Fracture*	4	0.1	2	0.1	2	0.1
Spinal Nerve Root Injury*	2	< 0.1	1	0.1	1	< 0.1
✤ Paraplegia*	1	< 0.1	0	0.0	1	< 0.1
✤ Quadriplegia*	5	0.1	2	0.1	3	0.1
✤ Hemiplegia*	2	< 0.1	2	0.1	0	0.0
Unspecified Paralysis*	2	< 0.1	1	0.1	1	< 0.1
Spinal Fracture*	2	< 0.1	2	0.1	0	0.0
HIV Infection; Infantile Cerebral Palsy*	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total exclusions	30	0.6	15	0.8	15	0.5
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	4,993	99.4	1,789	99.2	3,204	99.5

	Table 9G.	Exclusions from	"Procedure Rate"	' Analyses for Neck and Back Procedures	
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*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions.

<u>In-Hospital Complications (risk-adjusted)</u>. In-hospital complications were reported separately for fusion and non-fusion procedures and were calculated for each HMO. In-hospital complications are any one of a particular set of ICD-9-CM codes in any procedure or secondary diagnosis position in a discharge record associated with the neck/back hospitalization (refer to Appendix C for a detailed description of the in-hospital complications). The exclusions to the in-hospital complications analysis are found in Table 9H. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total Statewide Hospitalizations					
	Wit	th Fusion	Withou	ıt Fusion		
	N	% of Total	N	% of Total		
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	6,066	100.0	10,703	100.0		
Exclusions:						
Procedure Rate Exclusions	71	1.2	69	0.6		
Missing Atlas Outcomes TM Score	40	0.7	55	0.5		
Improper Coding of Fusion Technique*	2	< 0.1	NA	NA		
Total exclusions	113	1.9	124	1.2		
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	5,953	98.1	10,579	98.8		

*Fusion technique was a significant risk factor for in-hospital complications. Therefore, if the ICD-9-CM procedure coding did not clearly indicate the fusion technique, the hospitalization(s) was excluded from the complications analysis. NA: Not Applicable

<u>Length of Stay</u> (risk-adjusted). Length of stay was calculated from a single hospitalization only, beginning with the date of admission and ending with the date of discharge (length of stay was calculated as discharge date minus admit date). It is reported separately for fusion and non-fusion procedures and was calculated for each HMO. Hospitalizations that were excluded from the risk-adjusted length of stay analysis for neck and back procedures are listed in Table 9I. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total Statewide Procedures					
	With Fusion			Without Fusion		
	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS
Total hospitalizations before exclusions Exclusions:	6,066	100.0	2.4	10,703	100.0	1.8
In-Hospital Complications Exclusions	113	1.9	3.4	124	1.2	4.3
 Death in Hospital 	1	< 0.1	2.0	3	< 0.1	11.0
Outlier ¹ /Missing or Invalid ² LOS	8	0.1	30.0	14	0.1	23.7
Total exclusions	122	2.0	5.1	141	1.3	6.4
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	5,944	98.0	2.4	10,562	98.7	1.7

Table 9I.	Exclusions from	"Length of Stay"	(LOS) Analysis fo	r Neck and Back Procedures

 $^{1}LOS > 16$ days for neck and back procedures with and without fusion.

 2 LOS value < 0.

Prostatectomy

Inclusion Criteria

Only adult (18 through 64 years of age) male HMO members were included in this analysis. Cases were included in the data analysis for prostatectomy if they included one of the procedure ICD-9-CM codes (in any position) for radical prostatectomy listed in Appendix A: "Description of Study Population." Prostatectomies done by a different surgical approach (i.e., transurethral prostatectomy) were not included. Radical prostatectomy is most often done when cancer is present or assumed to be present. The clinical indications for choosing one surgical approach over another for prostatectomy are very different. If a record included codes for both radical and transurethral prostatectomies it was included in the analysis as a radical prostatectomy. A total of 786 admissions, after exclusions, matched these criteria.

Utilization/Outcome Measures and Exclusion Criteria

<u>Procedure Rate</u> (age-adjusted). The procedure rate is shown for each HMO using the total number of procedures per 10,000 male HMO members. Of the 789 prostatectomy procedures submitted to PHC4 for inclusion in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report, 3 records were excluded. These exclusions are listed in Table 9J. The HMO database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total HMO Hospitalizations		
	N	% of Total	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	789	100.0	
Exclusions:			
Multiple Prostatectomy Procedures for One Patient	0	0.0	
✤ HIV Infection*	0	0.0	
Cases in DRGs Unrelated to Prostatectomy*	3	0.4	
Total exclusions	3	0.4	
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	786	99.6	

Table 9J. Exclusions from "Procedure Rate" Analysis for Prostatectomy

*See Appendix B for definitions of clinically complex exclusions and DRGs used to define prostatectomy.

<u>In-Hospital Complications</u> (risk-adjusted). This measure was calculated for each HMO. Inhospital complications are any one of a particular set of ICD-9-CM codes in any procedure or secondary diagnosis position in the index prostatectomy hospitalization (refer to Appendix C for a detailed description of the complications). The exclusions to the in-hospital complications analysis are found in Table 9K. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

	Total Statewide Hospitalizations		
	Ν	% of Total	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	2,243	100.0	
Exclusions:			
Procedure Rate Exclusions	11	0.5	
♦ Missing Atlas Outcomes [™] Score	13	0.6	
Total exclusions	24	1.1	
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	2,219	98.9	

Length of Stay (risk-adjusted). Length of stay was calculated from a single hospitalization only, beginning with the date of admission and ending with the date of discharge (length of stay was calculated as discharge date minus admit date). Hospitalizations that were excluded from the riskadjusted length of stay analysis for prostatectomy procedures are listed in Table 9L. The statewide database was used as the comparative reference.

Table 9L. Exclusions from "Length of Stay" (LOS) Analysis for Prostatectomy

	Total Statewide Hospitalizations			
	N	% of Total	Avg. LOS	
Total hospitalizations before exclusions	2,243	100.0	3.3	
Exclusions:				
In-Hospital Complications Exclusion	24	1.1	4.3	
 Death in Hospital 	1	< 0.1	8.0	
Outlier ¹ /Missing or Invalid ² LOS	6	0.3	25.0	
Total exclusions	31	1.4	8.4	
Total hospitalizations remaining in analysis	2,212	98.6	3.2	

 $^{1}LOS > 15$ days for prostatectomy. ^{2}LOS value < 0.

MEMBER SATISFACTION

Satisfaction Measures

The following CAHPS Survey Questions are included in the *Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's Commercial HMOs* report for calendar year 2002:

- Question 10 "In the last 12 months, how much of a problem, if any, was it to see a specialist that you needed to see?"
- Question 17 "In the last 12 months, when you needed care right away for an illness, injury or condition, how long did you usually have to wait between trying to get care and actually seeing a provider?"
- Question 18 "In the last 12 months, did you make any appointments with a doctor or other health provider for regular or routine health care?"
- Question 20 "In the last 12 months, not counting the times you needed health care right away, how many days did you usually have to wait between making an appointment and actually seeing a provider?"
- Question 24 "In the last 12 months, how much of a problem, if any, was it to get the care, tests or treatment you or a doctor believed necessary?"
- Question 26 "In the last 12 months, how much of a problem, if any, were delays in health care while you waited for approval from your health plan?"
- Question 42 "In the last 12 months, how much of a problem, if any, was it to get the help you needed when you called your health plan's customer service?"
- Question 43 "In the last 12 months, have you called or written your health plan with a complaint or problem?"
- Question 45 "Was your complaint or problem settled to your satisfaction?"
- Question 49 "How would you rate your health plan?"

All reported CAHPS measures include an average for the group of Pennsylvania HMO plans. These averages were calculated by PHC4 by weighting each plan's score by its CY2002 total commercial enrollment. National averages were also included when available from NCQA. The national averages (provided in the NCQA *Quality Compass*[®] database) include all lines of business across all reporting managed care organizations in the United States.

FINANCIAL INDICATORS

Financial information on the HMO plans is reported on the PHC4 Web site only. Each HMO submitted all data used in the financial section of the report as part of their 1999 – 2002 *Annual Statements* filed with the Pennsylvania Insurance Department. The data elements that pertain to commercial members (e.g., Commercial Premium Revenue) do not include government-funded HMO members, such as Medicare or Medical Assistance, but do include federal employee benefit programs. The following table outlines the locations of the data elements in the *Annual Statements*.

Financial Measures	Location in Annual Statement*
2002 Total HMO Premium Revenue	Page 4, Line 2, Column 2
1999 Total HMO Premium Revenue	Page 4, Line 1, Column 3 (CY2000)
2002 Commercial Premium Revenue	Page 7, Line 1, Columns 2, 7, and 13 (if applicable)
2002 Commercial Medical Expenses	Page 7, Line 16, Columns 2, 7, and 13 (if applicable)
2002 Commercial Underwriting Gain/Loss	Page 7, Line 21, Columns 2, 7, and 13 (if applicable)
2002 Total HMO Revenue	Page 4, Lines 7, 25, and 27, Column 2
2002 HMO Net Income	Page 4, Line 30, Column 2
2001 Total HMO Revenue	Page 4, Line 7, 25 and 27, Column 3
2000 Total HMO Revenue	Page 4, Line 7, 24 and 26, Column 3 (CY2001)
2001 HMO Net Income	Page 4, Line 30, Column 3
2000 HMO Net Income	Page 4, Line 29, Column 3 (CY2001)
2002 Cash and Short-term Investments	Page 2, Line 5, Column 3
2002 Claims Payable	Page 3, Line 1, Column 3

Table 10. Location of Data Elements in the Annual Statement

*Refers to each plan's CY2002 Annual Statement unless noted otherwise.

Definitions and formulas for the specific financial indicators are listed below:

<u>Total HMO Premium Revenue</u> reflects total premium revenue from the HMO line of business, including Medicare and Medical Assistance. There is no fee-for-service revenue included for the HMOs.

<u>3-year Change in Total HMO Premium Revenue</u> reflects the change in total HMO premium revenues from the end of CY1999 to the end of CY2002. This measure reflects the extent to which the corporation's HMO line of business is growing or declining.

Total HMO Premium Revenue 2002 – Total HMO Premium Revenue 1999 Total Revenue 1999

<u>Commercial Premium Revenue as a Percent of Total Premium Revenue</u> reflects the commercial portion of the HMO's total line of business. For those HMOs where commercial revenue was less than 100 percent of total HMO premium revenue, the balance of premium revenue was derived from Medicare and Medical Assistance plans and administrative service contracts.

Commercial Premium Revenue 2002 Total Premium Revenue 2002

<u>Commercial Medical Loss Ratio</u> reflects the portion of each commercial premium dollar spent on health care during CY2002. If an HMO has a Medical Loss Ratio above 100 percent, it is spending more for healthcare services than it receives in commercial premiums.

Commercial Medical Expenses 2002 Commercial Premium Revenue 2002 <u>Commercial Net (pre-tax) Underwriting Margin</u> shows the portion of commercial premium revenue that remained as income or profit after all expenses (except income taxes) related to commercial members had been paid. A negative margin indicates that revenues were not sufficient to cover expenses and the HMO's commercial line of business operated at a loss for the calendar year.

Commercial Underwriting Gain/Loss 2002 Commercial Premium Revenue 2002

<u>Total HMO Net (after-tax) Margin</u> shows the portion of Total HMO Revenue that remained as income or profit after all expenses (including taxes) had been paid. A negative margin indicates that revenues were not sufficient to cover expenses and the HMO operated at a loss.

Total HMO Net Income 2002	
Total HMO Revenue 2002	

<u>3-year Average Total Net Margin</u> reflects the average after tax net income over the past three calendar years (CY2000 – CY2002) for the Total HMO.

 $\frac{\Sigma_{2000,2001,2002}}{\Sigma_{2000,2001,2002}}$ Total HMO Net Income $\Sigma_{2000,2001,2002}$ Total HMO Revenues

<u>Cash to Claims Payable</u> is the ratio between cash and short-term investments to claims payable. Claims payable includes both known and estimated unreported claims. This measure reflects the ability of the insurer to pay outstanding claims out of its liquid assets in the event that premium revenue was to fall short of health care reimbursements.

> Cash & Short-term Investments₂₀₀₂ Claims Payable ₂₀₀₂

HMO PLAN PROFILE

The HMO "Plan Profile" is found on the PHC4 Web site only. The specific source of data and the determination of the information in the HMO profile is as follows:

<u>Number of Commercial Members.</u> The number of commercial members, as of December 31, 2002, is found in section III.A. columns 1 through 4 of the *Annual Report* submitted to the Pennsylvania Department of Health. Enrollment numbers reported on the PHC4 Web site, identified as the "Number of Commercial Members," reflect the sum of these columns. Only HMO members enrolled in the Pennsylvania operations of HMOs were included in this total. Some HMOs operate health care plans regionally or nationally; however, only those members that belong to an HMO licensed to operate in Pennsylvania were counted.

<u>Change in Commercial Enrollment.</u> The procedure outlined above was also followed for the December 31, 2001 *Annual Report.* The 2001 totals were then subtracted from the 2002 totals and the percent change is reported and is identified as the "Change in Commercial Enrollment" variable on the PHC4 Web site.

<u>NCQA Accreditation Status</u>. The "NCQA Accreditation Status" variable was obtained from the NCQA Web site and was current as of the publication date of the *CY2002 Measuring the Quality of Pennsylvania's commercial HMOs*.

APPENDICES

Preventing Hospitalization Through Primary Care

Fieventing	
Ear, Nose and Throat Infections (Pediatric and Adult)	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 017.4x (x = 0-6), 034.0, 055.2, 112.82, 380.10, 380.11, 380.12, 380.14, 380.16 381.00, 381.01, 381.02, 381.03, 381.04, 381.05, 381.06, 381.10, 381.19 381.20, 381.29, 381.3, 381.4, 382.00, 382.01, 382.1, 382.2, 382.3, 382.4, 382.9 461.0, 461.1, 461.2, 461.3, 461.8, 461.9, 462, 463, 464.00, 464.01, 464.20 464.21, 464.30, 464.31, 464.4, 464.50, 464.51, 465.0, 465.8, 465.9, 472.0 472.1, 472.2, 473.0, 473.1, 473.2, 473.3, 473.8, 473.9, 474.00, 474.01, 474.02 476.0, 476.1, 487.1
High Blood Pressure	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 401.0, 401.1, 401.9, 402.00, 402.10, 402.90, 403.00, 403.10, 403.90, 404.00 404.10, 404.90
Gastrointestinal Infections	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 003.0, 006.2, 009.0, 009.1, 558.2, 558.9
Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 590.00, 590.01, 590.10, 590.11, 590.2, 590.3, 590.80, 590.9, 599.0
	Managing On-Going Illness
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 491.20, 491.21, 492.0, 492.8, 496.0, 506.4
Asthma (Pediatric and Adult)	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 493.00, 493.01, 493.02, 493.10, 493.11, 493.12, 493.20, 493.21, 493.22 493.90, 493.91, 493.92
Diabetes	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: $250.xy (x = 0.9, y = 0.3)$
	Heart Attack
Heart Attack	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 410.01, 410.11, 410.21, 410.31, 410.41, 410.51, 410.61, 410.71, 410.8 410.91
	Surgical Procedures
Hysterectomy (Abdominal and Vaginal)	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM procedure codes in the any position: 68.3, 68.4, 68.51, 68.59, 68.6, 68.7, 68.9
Broast Cancor Brocoduros	Any one of the following $ICD_{-}Q_{-}CM$ or CPT procedure codes in any position:

(Abdominal and Vaginal)	68.3, 68.4, 68.51, 68.59, 68.6, 68.7, 68.9
Breast Cancer Procedures (Lumpectomy and Mastectomy)	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM or CPT procedure codes in any position: 85.20, 85.21, 85.22, 85.23, 85.41, 85.42, 85.43, 85.44, 85.45, 85.46, 85.47, 85.48, 19112, 19120, 19125, 19126, 19160, 19162, 19180, 19200, 19220, 19240
	AND
	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 174.0, 174.1, 174.2, 174.3, 174.4, 174.5, 174.6, 174.8, 174.9, 196.3, 198.2, 198.81, 233.0, 238.3, 239.3
Neck and Back Procedures (With Fusion and Without Fusion)	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM procedure codes in any position: 03.09, 80.50, 80.51, 80.59
	AND
	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM diagnosis codes in the principle position: 720.0, 721.0, 721.1, 721.2, 721.3, 721.41, 721.42, 721.90, 721.91, 722.0, 722.10, 722.11, 722.2, 722.4, 722.51, 722.52, 722.6, 722.70, 722.71, 722.72, 722.73, 722.90, 722.91, 722.92, 722.93, 723.0, 723.1, 724.00, 724.01, 724.02, 724.09, 724.1, 724.2, 724.3, 724.5, 738.4, 756.11, 756.12
Prostatectomy	Any one of the following ICD-9-CM procedure codes in any position: 60.3, 60.4, 60.5, 60.62, 60.69

Clinically Complex Exclusions

Exclusion	Definition ¹
Cancer	Dx: 140.0-208.9, 230.0-239.9
Chronic Renal Failure	Dx: 585
Cleft Lip and Palate Repair	DRG: 052
Ear, Nose, or Throat Cancer	Dx: 146.0-146.9, 147.0-147.3, 147.8, 147.9, 148.0-148.3, 148.8, 148.9, 149.0, 149.1, 149.8, 149.9, 160.0-160.5, 160.8, 160.9, 161.0-161.3, 161.8, 161.9, 162.0, 231.0, 231.1, 231.8, 231.9, 235.1, 235.6, 235.9
Extensive OR Procedures Unrelated to Principal Diagnosis	DRG: 468
Gastrointestinal Cancer	Dx: 150.0-150.5, 150.8, 150.9, 151.0-151.6, 151.8, 151.9, 152.0- 152.3, 152.8, 152.9, 153.0-153.9, 154.0-154.3, 154.8, 155.0- 155.2, 156.0-156.2, 156.8, 156.9, 157.0-157.4, 157.8, 157.9, 158.0, 158.8, 158.9, 159.0, 159.8, 159.9, 195.2, 197.4-197.8, 230.1-230.9, 235.2-235.5, 239.0
Heart or Lung Transplant	Px: 33.6, 37.5
Hemiplegia	Dx: 342.00-342.02, 342.10-342.12, 342.80-342.82, 342.90- 342.92
Hemorrhage on Admission	Dx: 998.11
HIV Infection	Dx: 042
Infantile Cerebral Palsy	Dx: 343.0-343.3
Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Nonneoplasms with CC [‡]	DRG: 304
Kidney, Ureter and Major Bladder Procedures for Nonneoplasms without CC^{\ddagger}	DRG: 305
Kidney/Urinary Tract Cancer	Dx: 188.0-188.9, 189.0-189.4, 189.8, 189.9, 233.7, 233.9, 236.7, 236.90, 236.91, 236.99, 239.4
Lung Cancer	Dx: 162.2-162.5, 162.8, 162.9, 197.0, 231.2, 235.7, 239.1
Major Large and Small Bowel Procedures with CC [‡]	DRG: 148
Major Large and Small Bowel Procedures without CC [‡]	DRG: 149
Major Organ Transplant	Px: 33.50-33.52, 33.6, 37.5, 41.00-41.09, 41.94, 46.97, 50.51, 50.59, 52.80-52.86, 55.61, 55.69
Mechanical Ventilation	Px: 96.70, 96.71, 96.72
Metastatic Cancer	Dx: 196.0-196.3, 196.5, 196.6, 196.8, 196.9, 197.0-197.8, 198.0- 198.7, 198.81, 198.82, 198.89, 199.0, 199.1
Open Heart Surgery	Dx: 35.00-35.04, 35.10-35.14, 35.20-35.28, 35.31-35.35, 35.39, 35.42, 35.50-35.54, 35.60-35.63, 35.70-35.73, 35.81-35.84, 35.91-35.95, 35.98, 35.99, 36.10-36.17, 36.19, 36.2, 36.31, 36.32, 36.39, 36.91, 36.99, 37.10-37.12, 37.31-37.33, 37.4, 37.5
Other Digestive System OR Procedures with CC [‡]	DRG: 170
Paraplegia	Dx: 344.1
Pathological Spinal Fracture	Dx: 733.13
PTCA/Stent	Px: 36.01, 36.02, 36.05, 36.06, 36.07 ²
Quadriplegia	Dx: 344.00-344.04, 344.09
Refusion	Px: 81.30-81.39 in any position
Renal Dialysis	Dx: V45.1, V56.0, V56.8
Spinal Fracture	Px: 39.95, 54.98 Dx: 805.0x, 805.1x, x=0-8; 805.2-805.9; 806.0x, x=0-9; 806.1x, x=0-9; 806.2x, x=0-9; 806.3x, x=0-9; 806.4; 806.5; 806.6x, x=0-2, 9; 806.7x, x=0-2, 9; 806.8; 806.9
Spinal Nerve Root Injury	Dx: 952.0x, x=0-9; 952.1x, x=0-9; 952.2; 952.3; 952.4; 952.8; 952.9; 953.0-953.5; 953.8; 953.9; 954.0; 954.1; 954.8; 954.9
Tracheitis	Dx: 464.10, 464.11
Tracheostomy	Px: 31.1, 31.21, 31.29
Unspecified Paralysis	Dx: 344.9

¹Cases are defined by ICD-9-CM Diagnosis (Dx)/ Procedure (Px) Codes or Diagnostic Related Group (DRG). ²New code effective Q4-2002 [‡]Comorbidity(s) and/or Complication(s)

DRGs Used to Define Conditions

Listed below are the DRGs used to define cases related to kidney/urinary tract infections, COPD, diabetes, hysterectomy, and prostatectomy. For each condition, cases in DRGs other than those below are considered clinically complex and are excluded.

Kidney/Urinary Tract Infection cases are restricted to the following DRGs:

- 320 Kidney and Urinary Tract Infections, Age Greater than 17 with CC[‡]
- 321 Kidney and Urinary Tract Infections, Age Greater than 17 without CC[‡]
- 322 Kidney and Urinary Tract Infections, Age 0 17

COPD cases are restricted to the following DRG:

88 Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

Diabetes cases are restricted to the following DRGs:

- 018 Cranial and Peripheral Nerve Disorders with CC[‡]
- 019 Cranial and Peripheral Nerve Disorders without CC[‡]
- 113 Amputation for Circulatory System Disorders Except Upper Limb and Toe
- 114 Upper Limb and Toe Amputation for Circulatory System Disorders
- 130 Peripheral Vascular Disorders with CC[‡]
- 131 Peripheral Vascular Disorders without CC[‡]
- 285 Amputation of Lower Limb for Endocrine, Nutritional and Metabolic Disorders
- 294 Diabetes, Age Greater than 35
- 295 Diabetes, Age 0 35
- 331 Other Kidney and Urinary Tract Diagnoses, Age Greater than 17 with CC[‡]
- 332 Other Kidney and Urinary Tract Diagnoses, Age Greater than 17 without CC[‡]

Hysterectomy (abdominal and vaginal) cases are restricted to the following DRGs:

- 353 Pelvic Evisceration, Radical Hysterectomy and Radical Vulvectomy
- 354 Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Nonovarian/Adnexal Malignancy with CC[‡]
- 355 Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Nonovarian/Adnexal Malignancy without CC[‡]
- 357 Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Ovarian or Adnexal Malignancy
- 358 Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Nonmalignancy with CC[‡]
- 359 Uterine and Adnexa Procedures for Nonmalignancy without CC[‡]

Prostatectomy cases are restricted to the following DRGs:

- 307 Prostatectomy without CC[‡]
- 334 Major Male Pelvic Procedures with CC[‡]
- 335 Major Male Pelvic Procedures without CC[‡]
- 338 Testes Procedures for Malignancy
- 339 Testes Procedures for Nonmalignancy, Age Greater than 17
- 341 Penis Procedures

[‡]CC: Complication(s) and/or Comorbidity(s)

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Total Abdominal Cases [†]			Total Vaginal Cases [†]				
Complication Type	#	%	Avg. LOS	Complication Type	#	%	Avg. LOS
Procedure/Medical Care Related Events	555	3.8	4.0	Procedure/Medical Care Related Events	184	2.9	2.5
Digestive System Complication	326	2.2	5.3	Postoperative Hemorrhage	101	1.6	3.2
Postoperative Pulmonary Compromise	305	2.1	4.1	Digestive System Complication	60	1.0	3.0
Postoperative Hemorrhage	288	2.0	4.1	Postoperative Pulmonary Compromise	44	0.7	3.3
Postoperative Infection	101	0.7	6.3	Postoperative Cardiac Complications	15	0.2	1.9
Postoperative Pneumonia	55	0.4	7.1	Postoperative Infection	9	0.1	5.8
Hypo/Hypertension	39	0.3	3.2	Hypo/Hypertension	9	0.1	3.1
Postoperative Cardiac Complications	30	0.2	3.7	 Postoperative Venous Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Embolism 	6	< 0.1	5.8
Postoperative Venous Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Embolism	27	0.2	7.3	Postoperative Pneumonia	3	< 0.1	4.7
Device, Implant, or Graft Complication	9	< 0.1	6.1	Postoperative Stroke/Anoxic Brain Damage	3	< 0.1	4.0
Gastric/Intestinal Hemorrhage or Ulceration	2	< 0.1	5.5	Device, Implant, or Graft Complication	1	< 0.1	4.0
Postoperative Stroke/Anoxic Brain Damage	2	< 0.1	4.0	• Death	0	0.0	NA
Death	0	0.0	NA	Gastric/Intestinal Hemorrhage or Ulceration	0	0.0	NA
With any Complication Above	1,509	10.3	4.2	With any Complication Above	400	6.4	2.8
Without any Complication Above	13,102	89.7	2.7	Without any Complication Above	5,846	93.6	1.8

Statewide In-Hospital Complications for Hysterectomy

Statewide In-Hospital Complications for Breast Cancer Procedures

Total Lumpectomy C	Total Mastectomy C	ases [†]					
Complication Type	#	%	Avg. LOS		#	%	Avg. LOS
Postoperative Hemorrhage	9	1.2	3.1	Postoperative Hemorrhage	40	1.8	4.4
Postoperative Pulmonary Compromise	4	0.5	5.8	Postoperative Pulmonary Compromise	18	0.8	4.2
Procedure/Medical Care Related Events	2	0.3	1.0	Procedure/Medical Care Related Events	15	0.7	5.2
Hypo/Hypertension	2	0.3	1.5	Digestive System Complication	12	0.5	2.8
Digestive System Complication	2	0.3	1.5	• Device, Implant, or Graft Complication	9	0.4	6.0
Postoperative Pneumonia	1	0.1	3.0	Postoperative Infection	9	0.4	8.7
Postoperative Cardiac Complications	1	0.1	2.0	Hypo/Hypertension	7	0.3	2.1
Death	0	0.0	NA	Postoperative Cardiac Complications	7	0.3	2.6
Postoperative Infection	0	0.0	NA	Postoperative Venous Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Embolism	4	0.2	7.3
Device, Implant, or Graft Complication	0	0.0	NA	Postoperative Pneumonia	3	0.1	7.3
Gastric/Intestinal Hemorrhage or Ulceration	0	0.0	NA	Postoperative Stroke/Anoxic Brain Damage	2	< 0.1	5.0
Postoperative Stroke/Anoxic Brain Damage	0	0.0	NA	Lymphedema	1	< 0.1	3.0
 Postoperative Venous Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Embolism 	0	0.0	NA	• Death	0	0.0	NA
Lymphedema	0	0.0	NA	Gastric/Intestinal Hemorrhage or Ulceration	0	0.0	NA
With any Complication Above	21	2.8	3.0	With any Complication Above	114	5.2	4.3
Without any Complication Above	729	97.2	1.2	Without any Complication Above	2,076	94.8	2.2

[†]The term "cases" refers to hospitalizations after exclusions. NA: Not Applicable

Total Cases [†] With Fusion				Total Cases [†] Without Fusion			
Complication Type	#	%	Avg. LOS	Complication Type	#	%	Avg. LOS
Procedure/Medical Care Related Events	134	2.3	5.5	Procedure/Medical Care Related Events	289	2.7	3.1
Postoperative Pulmonary Compromise	69	1.2	6.7	Postoperative Stroke/Anoxic Brain Damage	63	0.6	4.4
Digestive System Complication	61	1.0	5.4	Digestive System Complication	56	0.5	3.1
Postoperative Hemorrhage	33	0.6	8.9	Postoperative Hemorrhage	34	0.3	5.4
Device, Implant, or Graft Complication	31	0.5	3.5	Postoperative Pulmonary Compromise	31	0.3	5.4
Postoperative Stroke/Anoxic Brain Damage	30	0.5	4.3	Postoperative Cardiac Complications	21	0.2	4.0
Hypo/Hypertension	22	0.4	3.9	Hypo/Hypertension	15	0.1	3.1
Postoperative Pneumonia	19	0.3	6.4	 Postoperative Venous Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Embolism 	14	0.1	9.9
Postoperative Cardiac Complications	15	0.3	6.8	Postoperative Pneumonia	10	< 0.1	6.9
Postoperative Infection	11	0.2	10.5	Device, Implant, or Graft Complication	8	< 0.1	5.0
Postoperative Venous Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Embolism	9	0.2	9.9	Postoperative Infection	4	< 0.1	20.5
Gastric/Intestinal Hemorrhage or Ulceration	2	< 0.1	8.5	• Death	3	< 0.1	11.0
• Death	1	< 0.1	2.0	Gastric/Intestinal Hemorrhage or Ulceration	2	< 0.1	2.0
With any Complication Above	385	6.5	5.2	With any Complication Above	505	4.8	3.6
Without any Complication Above	5,568	93.5	2.2	Without any Complication Above	10,074	95.2	1.7

Statewide In-Hospital Complications for Neck and Back Procedures

Statewide In-Hospital Complications for Prostatectomy

Total Cases [†]			
Complication Type	#	%	Avg. LOS
Digestive System Complication	59	2.7	6.9
Procedure/Medical Care Related Events	45	2.0	4.6
Postoperative Hemorrhage	34	1.5	5.3
Postoperative Pulmonary Compromise	23	1.0	4.7
Postoperative Cardiac Complications	15	0.7	7.5
Hypo/Hypertension	15	0.7	4.5
 Postoperative Venous Thrombosis/ Pulmonary Embolism 	10	0.5	10.0
Postoperative Pneumonia	7	0.3	5.0
Postoperative Stroke/Anoxic Brain Damage	7	0.3	6.7
Device, Implant, or Graft Complication	6	0.3	6.7
Postoperative Infection	5	0.2	12.0
Death	1	< 0.1	8.0
Gastric/Intestinal Hemorrhage or Ulceration	0	0.0	NA
With any Complication Above	193	8.7	5.7
Without any Complication Above	2,026	91.3	3.0

[†]The term "cases" refers to hospitalizations after exclusions. NA: Not Applicable

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Definition of In-Hospital Complications for Surgical Procedures The following ICD-9-CM codes were used to define in-hospital complications for Hysterectomy (Abdominal and Vaginal), Breast Cancer Procedures (Lumpectomy and Mastectomy), Neck and Back Procedures (With Fusion and Without Fusion) and Prostatectomy. Exceptions are noted.

985.4 985.2 988.7 988.7 988.9 999.7 985.8 985.3 998.4 998.8 999.2 999.7 987.4 998.6 999.2 999.7 999.7 987.4 998.7 998.6 999.2 999.3 199.7 1000 1000 1000 1000 999.3 197.4 1000 112 151.6 518.6 518.82 997.3 31.21 (Procedure) 514 515.5 518.81 518.84 998.11 31.22 (Procedure) 57.33 (Procedure) 998.11 998.12 998.13 30.0 0.38.2 0.034.2 0.038.9 996.92 ² 996.51 998.11 0.38.4 995.91 996.92 ² 996.3 996.3 03.1 0.38.4 0.038.2 0.034.2 0.98.4 996.91 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3 996.3<		998.2	S The following con 998.32 ²	des were analyzed for a 998.7	all surgical procedures. 998.9	999.7	
995.8 996.3 996.6 996.8 996.6 996.8 996.6 996.9 igestive System Complications The following codes was analyzed for all surgical procedures. 97.4 97.4 ostoperative Pulmonary Compromise The following codes were analyzed for all surgical procedures. 97.3 12.1 (Procedure) 512.1 518.6 518.62 97.3 31.29 (Procedure) 514.5 518.61 518.62 97.3 31.29 (Procedure) 514.5 518.61 518.62 997.3 31.29 (Procedure) 57.3 97.6 98.11 998.12 998.13 996.64 038.0 038.2 038.8 995.92 ² 996.64 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.52 998.33 996.52 998.3 996.64 998.33 996.52 998.3 995.92 996.64 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.51 998.56 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>							
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31 21 (Procedure) 518.5 518.81 518.94 998.81 31.29 (Procedure)	ostoperative Pulr	nonary Compromise	• The following cod	-	ll surgical procedures.		
31.29 (Procedure) ymphedema The following code was analyzed for Breast Cancer Procedures only. 030.0 0stoperative Hemorrhage The following codes were analyzed for all surgical procedures. 0989 (Procedure) 599.13 031.20 998.12 998.13 031.20 038.2 038.42 038.6 995.92 ² 996.64 038.0 038.4 038.9 965.92 ² 996.64 998.53 038.0 038.4.0 038.4.0 038.4.9 996.59 ² 996.64 998.59 038.1 038.4.0 038.4.4 996.59 996.59 999.3 996.65 038.0 038.4.4 996.50 996.52 996.59 999.3 996.65 999.3 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.65 996.50 996.57 996.65 996.50 996.57 996.65 996.57 996.50 996.50	31.1 (Procedure)	512.1	518.4	518.6	518.82	997.3	
Impleadema The following code was analyzed for Breast Cancer Procedures only. 437.0. Tostoperative Hemorrhage The following codes were analyzed for all surgical procedures. 33.98 (Procedure) 57.93 (Procedure) 998.11 998.12 998.13 Sostoperative Infection The following codes were analyzed for all surgical procedures. 998.51 998.52 996.64 038.10 038.2 038.41 995.92 ² 996.64 998.51 038.11 038.40 038.40 995.91 ² 996.54 ² 998.59 038.11 038.41 038.42 995.91 ² 996.54 ² 999.3 The following code was analyzed for Hysterectomy and Prostatectomy only. 996.63 996.62 999.3 The following code was analyzed for Breast Cancer Procedures only. 996.65 996.65 996.67 Ostoperative Pneumonia Coded by causative organism. The following codes were analyzed for all surgical procedures. 411 482.40 482.40 482.40 485.42 422.0 482.31 482.41 482.83 483.0 486 422.1 482.40 482.80<	31.21 (Procedure)	514	518.5	518.81	518.84	998.81	
142.0 Image: Construction of the construction	31.29 (Procedure)						
Ostoperative Hemorrhage The following codes were analyzed for all surgical procedures. 998.11 998.12 998.13 39.86 (Procedure) 998.11 998.12 998.13 998.64 998.13 Sotoperative Infloction 038.2 038.4 995.92 ² 996.64 988.51 038.1 038.3 038.43 038.9 995.63 ² 996.64 998.51 038.11 038.40 038.44 995.91 ² 996.62 999.3 The following code was analyzed for Hysterectomy, Breast Cancer Procedures, and Prostatectomy only. 996.62 999.3 The following code was analyzed for Neck and Back Procedures only. 996.63 996.63 986.57 986.63 986.57 986.63 986.57 986.64 482.14 482.30 482.41 482.30 486 482.1 482.30 486 482.1 482.30 486 482.1 482.30 486 482.1 482.30 486 482.1 482.31 482 483.8 482.1 482.2 482.81 482.1 482.81 486 482.1 482.81 483.8	·	• •					
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¹Invalid code effective 4th quarter of 2002 ²New code effective 4th quarter of 2002

Pediatric Ear, I	Nose and Throat Infections	<u>.</u>		
Cases age 0 through 17				
Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient C	Cases* (N = 611)		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total		
Age				
0 – 4 years	334	54.7		
5–17 years	277	45.3		
• Sex				
Female	297	48.6		
Male	314	51.4		

Case	Cases age 18 through 64				
Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient C	ases* (N = 490)			
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total			
Age					
18 – 44 years	299	61.0			
45 – 64 years	191	39.0			
• Sex					
Female	296	60.4			
Male	194	39.6			

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	Pressure (Hypertension) es age 18 through 64			
Hospitalization Rate HMO Inpatient Cases* (N = 572)				
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	· · /		
• Age				
18 – 44 years	157	27.4		
45 – 64 years	415	72.6		
• Sex				
Female	278	48.6		
Male	294	51.4		

Gastrointestinal Infections Cases age 0 through 64					
Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient Ca	ases* (N = 1,168)			
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total			
• Age					
0 – 4 years	128	11.0			
5 – 17 years	152	13.0			
18 – 44 years	462	39.6			
45 – 64 years	426	36.5			
• Sex					
Female	693	59.3			
Male	475	40.7			

Kidney/Urinary Tract Infections Cases age 0 through 64					
Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient Ca	ases* (N = 1,317)			
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total			
• Age					
0 – 4 years	178	13.5			
5 – 17 years	169	12.8			
18 – 44 years	526	39.9			
45 – 64 years	444	33.7			
• Sex					
Female	1,041	79.0			
Male	276	21.0			

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Cases age 18 through 64

Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient Cas		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	
• Age			
18 – 44 years	77	7.3	
45 – 64 years	984	92.7	
Sex			
Female	611	57.6	
Male	450	42.4	
*Cases after hospitalization rate exclusions; comparati			
Length of Stay (LOS)	HMO and Fee-fo	r-Service Inpatient Ca	ses* (N = 1,549)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
		. ereen er reta	,
0 - 3.874 days	309	19.9	3.3
3.875 – 4.298 days	309	19.9	3.6
	312	20.1	
4.299 – 4.676 days			3.6
4.677 – 5.156 days	310	20.0	4.1
5.157 + days	309	19.9	4.9
 Diabetes 			
No	1,281	82.7	3.8
Yes	268	17.3	4.5
• Age			
18 – 50 years	307	19.8	3.5
51 – 54 years	258	16.7	3.9
55 – 58 years	384	24.8	3.9
59 – 61 years	320	20.7	4.0
62 – 64 years			
	280	18.1	4.3
 Psychological Disorder 			
		79.2	3.8
No	1,227		
No Yes	322	20.8	4.2
No	322	20.8	
No Yes	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co	20.8	4.2
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co	20.8 mbined databases	4.2
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca	4.2 ses* (N = 1,533)
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes [™] MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0	4.2 ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes [™] MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days 4.300 – 4.683 days	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0	4.2 ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1	4.2 ses* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days 4.300 – 4.683 days 4.684 – 5.161 days 5.162 + days	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0	4.2 ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308 305	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308 305 649	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308 305	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308 305 649	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308 305 649	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days 4.300 – 4.683 days 4.684 – 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308 305 649 884	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes [™] MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder No Yes	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder No Yes • Heart Failure	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days 4.300 – 4.683 days 4.684 – 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder No Yes • Heart Failure No	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319 1,396	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8 91.1	4.2 ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8 18.8
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 - 3.876 days 3.877 - 4.299 days 4.300 - 4.683 days 4.684 - 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder No Yes • Heart Failure No Yes	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8
No Yes *Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days 4.300 – 4.683 days 4.684 – 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder No Yes • Heart Failure No Yes • Poverty Rate	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319 1,396 137	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8 91.1 8.9	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8 18.8 32.8
No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319 1,396 137 317	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8 91.1 8.9 20.7	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8 18.8
No Yes <u>Yes</u> <u>Yes</u> <u>Yes</u> <u>Yes</u> <u>Yercent Rehospitalized (Rehosp)</u> <u>Significant Variable</u> • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days 4.300 – 4.683 days 4.684 – 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder No Yes • Heart Failure No Yes • Poverty Rate	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319 1,396 137	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8 91.1 8.9	4.2 Ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8 18.8 32.8
No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co HMO and Fee-fo Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319 1,396 137 317	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8 91.1 8.9 20.7	4.2 ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8 18.8 32.8 18.6
No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yercent Rehospitalized (Rehosp) Significant Variable • Atlas Outcomes TM MQPredLOS 0 – 3.876 days 3.877 – 4.299 days 4.300 – 4.683 days 4.684 – 5.161 days 5.162 + days • Female No Yes • Psychological Disorder No Yes • Heart Failure No Yes • Heart Failure No Yes • Poverty Rate 0 - 5.3565% 5.3566 – 8.1817%	322 HMO and Fee-for-Service co Number of Cases 306 307 307 308 305 649 884 1,214 319 1,396 137 317 292	20.8 mbined databases r-Service Inpatient Ca Percent of Total 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.1 19.9 42.3 57.7 79.2 20.8 91.1 8.9 20.7 19.0	4.2 ises* (N = 1,533) % Rehospitalized 13.7 16.9 19.9 18.5 31.1 23.1 17.8 19.0 23.8 18.8 32.8 18.6 19.9

LOS	Rehosp	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and Percent Rehospitalized
✓		Age
		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓	 ✓ 	 Atlas Outcomes[™] Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
✓		• Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
	 ✓ 	Female (no, yes)
	1	 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
		High Poverty (high, average, very high; based on zip code)
		Low Income (low, average, very low; based on zip code)
		Median Household Income (based on zip code)
	 ✓ 	Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
~	1	 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 311; 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
		• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)
		 Tobacco Use (no, yes: 305.1, V15.82)

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease continued

Pediatric Asthma Cases age 0 through 17

Number of Cases	Percent of Total	
050		
050		
653	48.9	
683	51.1	
519	38.9	
817	61.1	
-	519 817	519 38.9

Length of Stay (LOS)	HMO and Fee-fo	r-Service Inpatient Cases*	(N = 1,620)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 1.874 days	324	20.0	1.7
1.875 – 1.983 days	324	20.0	1.9
1.984 – 2.107 days	328	20.2	2.0
2.108 – 2.262 days	322	19.9	2.3
2.263 + days	322	19.9	2.4
• Age			
< 1 year	128	7.9	2.3
1 – 2 years	425	26.2	1.9
3 – 6 years	462	28.5	1.8
7 – 10 years	296	18.3	2.2
11 – 17 years	309	19.1	2.4
 Poverty Rate 			
0-4.5291%	332	20.5	2.0
4.5292 - 7.7401%	316	19.5	1.9
7.7402 – 11.9980%	324	20.0	2.1
11.9981 – 22.0493%	335	20.7	2.1
22.0494% +	313	19.3	2.2
Female			
No	1,004	62.0	2.0
Yes	616	38.0	2.1
*Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference	e = HMO and Fee-for-Service co	mbined databases	

LOS	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay
✓	• Age
✓	Age-Squared
	Asthma with Status Asthmaticus/Acute Exacerbation (no, yes: 493.0x-493.9x, x=1,2)
✓	 Atlas Outcomes[™] Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
✓	Female (no, yes)
	Median Household Income (based on zip code)
✓	Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
	Race (Black, Other, White)

Adult Asthma Cases age 18 through 64

Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient Cases* (N = 1,707)		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	
Age			
18 – 44 years	843	49.4	
45 – 64 years	864	50.6	
• Sex			
Female	1,319	77.3	
Male	388	22.7	
*Cases after hospitalization rate exclusions; co	omparative reference = HMO databas	е	

		<u>Adult A</u>	Asthma continued		
enath	of Stay	(LOS)	HMO and Fee	-for-Service Inpatient Cases*	(N = 2.323)
	ificant Va		Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
		as Outcomes [™] PredLOS			<u>g</u>
		-2.744 days	463	19.9	2.5
		2.745 – 3.069 days	466	20.1	2.9
		3.070 – 3.415 days	466	20.1	3.2
		3.416 – 3.864 days	400 464	20.0	3.6
		2	464	20.0	
		3.865 + days	404	20.0	4.0
	 Dia 				
		Vo	2,027	87.3	3.1
		les	296	12.7	3.9
	 Psy 	chological Disorder			
	Ĭ	lo	1,940	83.5	3.1
		/es	383	16.5	3.8
	• Hea	art Failure			
		Vo	2,274	97.9	3.2
		les	49	2.1	4.5
				2.1	4.0
	• Age		440	10.1	25
		18 – 32 years	443	19.1	2.5
		33 – 40 years	434	18.7	3.1
		11 – 48 years	542	23.3	3.3
		19 – 55 years	462	19.9	3.5
	Ę	56 – 64 years	442	19.0	3.7
	 Alc 	ohol and Drug Abuse			
	1	Vo	2,280	98.1	3.2
	Y	/es	43	1.9	3.7
Cases	after LO	S exclusions; comparative reference =	HMO and Fee-for-Service	combined databases	
		pitalized (Rehosp)		e-for-Service Inpatient Cases	* (N = 2 275)
	ificant Va		Number of Cases		% Rehospitalized
Oigii		as Outcomes [™] PredLOS			o nonoophalizou
			455	00.0	0.0
) – 2.747 days	455	20.0	8.8
		2.748 – 3.069 days	455	20.0	13.8
		8.070 – 3.415 days	457	20.1	13.3
		8.416 – 3.867 days	453	19.9	14.6
	3	8.868 + days	455	20.0	19.6
	 Pov 	verty Rate			
	() – 5.3031%	455	20.0	13.6
	5	5.3032 - 8.4274%	455	20.0	13.6
		3.4275 – 11.4141%	455	20.0	11.2
		1.4142 – 16.7204%	455	20.0	13.8
		6.7205% +	455	20.0	17.8
	,	chological Disorder			
		Vo	1,900	83.5	13.1
		les	375	16.5	18.7
	 Heat 	art Failure			
		Vo	2,228	97.9	13.6
		les	47	2.1	31.9
		hma with Status Asthmaticus/Acute Ex			
		Nina with Status Astrinaticus/Acute Ex. Vo	441	19.4	10.9
		vo /es			
0.000			1,834	80.6	14.8
		ospitalization exclusions; comparative			es
	Rehosp	-	ength of Stay and Perce	nt Rehospitalized	
✓		• Age			
		Age-Squared			
1		Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.		, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9	except 305.1; 357.5
		425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980			
✓	✓	 Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Length of 	Stay (MQPredLOS)		
	✓	Asthma with Status Asthmaticus/Acute	Exacerbation (no, yes: 493.0x	(-493.9x, x=1,2)	
		Chronic Obstructive Asthma (no, yes: 4	493.20-493.22)		
✓		 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0- 			
		Female (no, yes)	,		
,		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 	402 11 402 91 404 01 404 0	3 404 11 404 13 404 91 404 93	428 0 428 1
✓	✓	428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428.4			,0.0, 120.1,
		Median Household Income (based on a	. ,		
	✓	 Poverty Rate (based on zip code) 			
	•			heath [MODradDa-th])	
		Predicted Death (logit of Atlas Outcom			0 0 0 0 0 0
✓	✓	Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x		=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 30	JU.X, X=0-9; 301.X,
		x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 311;	, 312.x, x=0-9)		
		 Race (Black, Other, White) 			
]		• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11	, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.9	92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)	
		• Tobacco Use (no, yes: 305.1, V15.82)			
		ve 04-2002			

Diabetes Cases age 18 through 75

Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient Cases* (N = 1,294)		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	
Age			
18 – 25 years	127	9.8	
26 – 35 years	128	9.9	
36 – 45 years	234	18.1	
46 – 55 years	429	33.2	
56 – 65 years	318	24.6	
66 – 75 years	58	4.5	
• Sex			
Female	591	45.7	
Male	703	54.3	
*Cases after hospitalization rate exclusions; co	omparative reference = HMO databas	9	

Length of Stay (LOS)	• •		(N = 1,978)
Significant Variable			Avg. LOS
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 2.697 days	395	20.0	2.2
2.698 – 3.360 days	396	20.0	2.9
3.361 – 4.232 days	396	20.0	3.5
4.233 – 5.758 days	396	20.0	4.6
5.759 + days	395	20.0	6.7
COPD			
No	1,893	95.7	3.9
Yes	85	4.3	5.4
Lower Extremity Amputation—non-traumatic			
No	1,770	89.5	3.4
Yes	208	10.5	8.4
Heart Failure			
No	1,843	93.2	3.8
Yes	135	6.8	6.2
Renal Failure			
No	1,766	89.3	3.8
Yes	212	10.7	5.6
Renal Dialysis			
No	1,899	96.0	3.9
Yes	79	4.0	6.5
Poverty Rate			
0 – 5.0657%	399	20.2	3.9
5.0658 - 7.9659%	392	19.8	3.9
7.9660 – 11.1053%	397	20.1	3.8
11.1054 – 16.7254%	395	20.0	4.2
16.7255% +	395	20.0	4.1

Diabetes continued

Percent Rehospitalized (Rehosp)	HMO and Fee-fo	r-Service Inpatient Ca	ses* (N = 1,926)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Rehospitalized
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 2.713 days	385	20.0	9.9
2.714 – 3.361 days	385	20.0	8.1
3.362 – 4.249 days	386	20.0	12.4
4.250 – 5.775 days	385	20.0	15.8
5.776 + days	385	20.0	20.5
Age			
18 – 34 years	375	19.5	17.6
35 – 45 years	371	19.3	12.4
46 – 53 years	467	24.2	14.1
54 – 59 years	356	18.5	12.6
60 – 75 years	357	18.5	9.5
Female			
No	1,065	55.3	10.5
Yes	861	44.7	16.8
 Diabetes Complications 			
Long Term	839	43.6	17.0
None	67	3.5	1.5
Short Term	1,020	53.0	11.1
Renal Dialysis			
No	1,848	96.0	12.6
Yes	78	4.0	30.8
Cases after rehospitalization exclusions; comparat	ive reference = HMO and Fee-fo	r-Service combined dat	abases

LOS	Rehosp	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and Percent Rehospitalized
	 ✓ 	• Age
		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓	✓	 Atlas Outcomes[™] Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
		• Cardiomyopathy (no, yes: 425.3, 425.4, 425.8, 425.9)
✓		• COPD (no, yes: 491.20, 491.21, 492.0, 492.28, 496, 506.4, 518.2)
	✓	 Diabetes Complications (long-term: 250.4x-250.9x, x=0-3; none: 250.00, 250.01; short-term: 250.02, 250.03, 250.1x-250.3x, x=0-3)
	✓	Female (no, yes)
✓		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
		• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
		 Ischemic Heart Disease (no, yes: 411.0, 411.1, 411.81, 411.89, 412, 413.0, 413.1, 413.9, 414.00, 414.01, 414.02, 414.03, 414.04, 414.05, 414.06[†], 414.10, 414.11, 414.12[†], 414.19, 414.8, 414.9)
1		 Lower Extremity Amputation—non-traumatic (no, yes: procedure codes 84.10-84.17; exclude diagnosis codes 895.x, x=0,1; 896.x, x=0-3; 897.x, x=0-7)
		• Malignant Cancer (no, yes: 140.0-208.9, 230.0-239.9)
		Median Household Income (based on zip code)
		Medical DRG (no, yes)
		Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
		• Peripheral Vascular Disease (no, yes: 443.0, 443.1, 443.81, 443.89, 443.9)
✓		Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 311, 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
✓	✓	Renal Dialysis (no, yes: V45.1, V56.0, V56.8; procedure codes 39.95, 54.98)
✓		• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)
		• Tobacco Use (no, yes: 305.1, V15.82)

Heart Attack (AMI) Cases age 18 through 64

Hospitalization Rate	HMO Inpatient Cases* (N = 3,318) Number of Cases Percent of Total		
Significant Variable			
Age			
18 – 44 years	444	13.4	
45 – 64 years	2,874	86.6	
• Sex			
Female	845	25.5	
Male	2,473	74.5	

lumber of Days Hospitalized (AvgDays)	Statewide	e Inpatient Cases*	(N = 11,235)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. # Days Hospitalized
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 3.471 days	2,244	20.0	4.2
3.472 – 3.983 days	2,249	20.0	5.2
3.984 – 4.491 days	2,251	20.0	6.1
4.492 – 5.245 days	2,247	20.0	6.8
5.246 + days	2,244	20.0	10.0
Heart Failure			
No	9,643	85.8	5.8
Yes	1,592	14.2	10.4
Renal Failure	•		
No	10,720	95.4	6.2
Yes	515	4.6	12.3
AMI Type II (Anterior)			
No	9.270	82.5	6.3
Yes	1,965	17.5	7.0
Median Household Income	·		
\$0 - 30.649	2,247	20.0	6.8
\$30.650 - 35.419	2,249	20.0	6.6
\$35,420 - 40,980	2,237	19.9	6.4
\$40,981 - 50,320	2,255	20.1	6.5
\$50.321 +	2,247	20.0	5.9
• Age			
18 – 45 years	1,960	17.4	5.4
46 – 51 years	2,339	20.8	5.9
52 – 56 years	2,732	24.3	6.4
57 – 60 years	2,255	20.1	7.0
61 – 64 years	1,949	17.3	7.5
Female			
No	8,169	72.7	6.2
Yes	3,066	27.3	7.2
 Alcohol and Drug Abuse 	•		
No	10,706	95.3	6.4
Yes	529	4.7	6.9

Heart Attack (AMI) continued

In-Hospital Mortality (Mort)	Statewid	e Inpatient Cases*	(N = 11,704)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Mortality
Predicted Death (Logit of MQPredDeath)			
0 - 0.005	1,804	15.4	0.4
0.006 - 0.009	2,535	21.7	0.3
0.010 - 0.015	2,826	24.1	0.8
0.016 - 0.026	2,234	19.1	1.9
0.027 +	2,305	19.7	12.2
Renal Failure			
No	11,059	94.5	2.4
Yes	645	5.5	15.2
AMI Type I (Q-wave)			
No	5,379	46.0	2.0
Yes	6,325	54.0	4.1
Heart Failure			
No	9,908	84.7	2.1
Yes	1,796	15.3	8.7
Diabetes			
No	8,698	74.3	2.6
Yes	3,006	25.7	4.5

*Cases after in-hospital mortality exclusions; comparative reference = Statewide database

AvgDays	Mort	Significant Risk Factors Used for Average Number of Days and In-Hospital Mortality
✓		• Age
		Age-Squared
1		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
	✓	 AMI Type I (Q-wave) (no, yes: 410.x1, x = 0-6, 8-9)
✓		AMI Type II (Anterior) (no, yes: 410.01, 410.11)
✓		 Atlas Outcomes[™] Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
		 Cardiomyopathy (no, yes: 425.3, 425.4, 425.8, 425.9)
	✓	• Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
✓		Female (no, yes)
1	1	 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
		 History of CABG (no, yes: V45.81, 414.02, 414.03, 414.04, 414.05, 996.03)
		• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
✓		Median Household Income (based on zip code)
		• Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
		Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
	✓	 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 311; 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
		 Renal Dialysis (no, yes: V45.1, V56.0, V56.8; procedure codes 39.95, 54.98)
✓	✓	• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)
		Tobacco Use (no, yes: 305.1, V15.82)

Hysterectomy (Abdominal and Vaginal)

Cases age 18 through 64

Procedure Rate	HMO Inpatient Cases* (N = 7,901)	
Significant Variable	Number of Cases Percent of Total	
• Age		
18 – 44 years	4,003 50.7	
45 – 64 years	3,898 49.3	

Hysterectomy – Abdominal Cases age 18 through 64

	ses* (N = 5,574)
Number of Cases	Percent of Total
2,786	50.0
2,788	50.0
	Number of Cases

Length of Stay (LOS)	Statewide	e Inpatient Cases*	(N = 14,606)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 2.229 days	2,908	19.9	2.6
2.230 – 2.335 days	2,892	19.8	2.6
2.336 – 2.458 days	2,968	20.3	2.7
2.459 – 2.716 days	2,921	20.0	2.8
2.717 + days	2,917	20.0	3.3
Poverty Rate			
0 – 4.7944%	2,920	20.0	2.7
4.7945 – 7.5381%	2,931	20.1	2.8
7.5382 – 10.4225%	2,912	19.9	2.7
10.4226 – 15.1123%	2,921	20.0	2.8
15.1124% +	2,922	20.0	3.0
Age			
18 – 37 years	2,622	18.0	2.7
38 – 41 years	2,481	17.0	2.8
42 – 46 years	4,350	29.8	2.8
47 – 50 years	2,733	18.7	2.8
51 – 64 years	2,420	16.6	2.9
*Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference	e = Statewide database		

n-Hospital Complications (Compl)	Statewide	e Inpatient Cases* (N	l = 14,611)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Complications
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 2.229 days	2,908	19.9	9.5
2.230 – 2.335 days	2,893	19.8	9.4
2.336 – 2.458 days	2,969	20.3	8.7
2.459 – 2.716 days	2,921	20.0	10.9
2.717 + days	2,920	20.0	13.0
Poverty Rate			
0 – 4.7944%	2,921	20.0	10.1
4.7945 – 7.5381%	2,932	20.1	10.5
7.5382 – 10.4225%	2,912	19.9	9.5
10.4226 – 15.1123%	2,923	20.0	8.5
15.1124% +	2,923	20.0	13.0

Hysterectomy – Abdominal continued

LOS	Compl	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and In-Hospital Complications
✓		• Age
		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓	 ✓ 	Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
		 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
		History of Female Reproductive Cancer (no, yes: V10.40-V10.44)
		• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
		Median Household Income (based on zip code)
		• Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
✓	✓	Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas Outcomes[™] Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
		 Principal Diagnosis Group (fibroids/hyperplasia/endometriosis/uterine prolapse: 218.x, x=0-9; 621.2; 621.3; 617.x, x=0-9; 618.1-618.4; bleeding abnormalities and other principal diagnoses: 626.2-626.9, 627.0, 627.1)
		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 311.x, x=0-9; 311.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
		Radical Hysterectomy (no, yes: 68.6, 68.7)
		 Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)

[†]New codes effective Q4-2002

Hysterectomy – Vaginal Cases age 18 through 64

Procedure Rate	HMO Inpatient Ca		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	
• Age			
18 – 44 years	1,217	52.3	
45 – 64 years	1,110	47.7	
*Cases after procedure rate exclusions; comparative refe	rence = HMO database		
Length of Stay (LOS)	Statewic	de Inpatient Cases*	(N = 6,242)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
Age			
18 – 36 years	1,201	19.2	1.7
37 – 40 years	1,020	16.3	1.8
41 – 46 years	1,804	28.9	1.7
47 – 51 years	1,064	17.0	1.8
52 – 64 years	1,153	18.5	2.1
Laparoscopic Procedure			
No	4,275	68.5	1.9
Yes	1,967	31.5	1.6
Poverty Rate			
0 - 4.8347%	1,240	19.9	1.8
4.8348 - 7.5204%	1,256	20.1	1.9
7.5205 – 10.1160%	1,244	19.9	1.7
10.1161 – 13.6131%	1,252	20.1	1.8
13.6132% +	1,250	20.0	1.9
Principal Diagnosis Group			
Bleeding/Other	2,373	38.0	1.7
Fibroids/Hyperplasia/Endometriosis/	3,869	62.0	1.9
Uterine Prolapse	·		
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 2.064 days	1,243	19.9	1.8
2.065 – 2.221 days	1,233	19.8	1.8
2.222 – 2.331 days	1,275	20.4	1.7
2.332 – 2.490 days	1,243	19.9	1.8
2.491 + days	1,248	20.0	1.9
Psychological Disorder			
No	5,859	93.9	1.8
Yes	383	6.1	1.9
Diabetes			
No	6,084	97.5	1.8
Yes	158	2.5	2.1
*Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = St	atewide database		

n-Hospital Complications (Compl)	Statewid	le Inpatient Cases*	(N = 6,246)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Complications
 Median Household Income 			
\$0-31,609	1,252	20.0	6.2
\$31,610 - 35,929	1,244	19.9	5.8
\$35,930 - 41,280	1,252	20.0	6.7
\$41,281 – 49,780	1,256	20.1	5.1
\$49,781 +	1,242	19.9	8.3
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 2.064 days	1,243	19.9	5.4
2.065 – 2.221 days	1,234	19.8	6.9
2.222 – 2.331 days	1,275	20.4	4.7
2.332 – 2.491 days	1,248	20.0	6.6
2.492 + days	1,246	19.9	8.5
Age			
18 – 36 years	1,202	19.2	6.2
37 – 40 years	1,020	16.3	7.4
41 – 46 years	1,805	28.9	5.9
47 – 51 years	1,066	17.1	6.8
52 – 64 years	1,153	18.5	6.1
Cases after in-hospital complications exclusions; c	omparative reference = Statewid	le database	

Hysterectomy – Vaginal continued

LOS	Compl	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and In-Hospital Complications
✓	 ✓ 	• Age
✓		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓	 ✓ 	Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
✓		• Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
		History of Female Reproductive Cancer (no, yes: V10.40-V10.44)
		• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
✓		Laparoscopic Procedure (no, yes: 68.51)
	✓	Median Household Income (based on zip code)
		Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
✓		Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
✓		 Principal Diagnosis Group (fibroids/hyperplasia/endometriosis/uterine prolapse: 218.x, x=0-9; 621.2; 621.3; 617.x, x=0-9; 618.1-618.4; bleeding abnormalities and other principal diagnoses: 626.2-626.9, 627.0, 627.1)
1		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 311; 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
		 Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)

Breast Cancer Procedures (Lumpectomy and Mastectomy)

Cases age 18 through 64

Procedure Rate	HMO Inpatient Case	es* (N = 2,596)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total
• Age		
18 – 44 years	543	20.9
45 – 64 years	2,053	79.1

Breast Cancer Procedures – Lumpectomy

Cases age 18 through 64

Length of Stay (LOS)			Statewide Inpatient Cases*		(N = 743)	
Signif	ficant Va	riable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Ávg. LOS	
	 Atla 	s Outcomes [™] PredLOS				
		– 1.739 days	148	19.9	1.0	
		.740 – 1.913 days	149	20.1	1.2	
		.914 – 2.086 days	149	20.1	1.1	
		.087 – 2.306 days	149	20.1	1.1	
		-				
		.307 + days	148	19.9	1.4	
		lian Household Income				
		0 – 31,739	147	19.8	1.3	
	\$	31,740 – 38,849	148	19.9	1.3	
	\$	38,850 – 49,700	149	20.1	1.2	
	\$	49,701 – 61,710	149	20.1	1.0	
		61.711 +	150	20.2	1.0	
	• Age	,				
	•		130	10 7	1.0	
		8 – 43 years	139	18.7	1.2	
		4 – 49 years	150	20.2	1.1	
		i0 – 54 years	166	22.3	1.1	
	5	5 – 59 years	153	20.6	1.2	
	6	0 – 64 years	135	18.2	1.3	
	 Dial 	netes				
		lo	686	92.3	1.1	
		io /es	57			
0				7.7	1.5	
Cases a	after LO.	S exclusions; comparative reference	= Statewide database			
n-Hosn	nital Con	nplications (Compl)	Statewide In	patient Cases* (N =	750)	
	ficant Va		Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Complication	
Olgrini		s Outcomes TM PredLOS		I crocht of Total	70 Complication	
			440	40.0	o 7	
		– 1.742 days	149	19.9	0.7	
		.743 – 1.914 days	151	20.1	4.0	
			151	20.1	2.6	
	1	.915 – 2.088 days	131			
		.915 – 2.088 days .089 – 2.313 days	149	19.9	2.7	
	2					
Cases a	2 2	.089 – 2.313 days	149 150	19.9 20.0	2.7	
	2 2 after in-h	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor	149 150 nparative reference = Statewide	19.9 20.0 e database	2.7	
LOS	2 2 after in-h	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for	149 150 nparative reference = Statewide	19.9 20.0 e database	2.7	
	2 2 after in-h	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days <u>ospital complications exclusions; cor</u> Significant Risk Factors Used for • Age	149 150 nparative reference = Statewide	19.9 20.0 e database	2.7	
LOS	2 2 after in-h	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days <u>ospital complications exclusions; cor</u> Significant Risk Factors Used for • Age • Age-Squared	149 150 nparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi	19.9 20.0 e database tal Complications	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for • Age • Age-Squared • Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3)	19.9 20.0 e database tal Complications	2.7 4.0	
LOS	2 2 after in-h	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for • Age • Age-Squared • Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no. ves: 291.	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3)	19.9 20.0 e database tal Complications	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for • Age • Age-Squared • Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 180.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS)	19.9 20.0 e database tal Complications 9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0	19.9 20.0 e database tal Complications 9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 880.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 :0-3)	19.9 20.0 e database tal Complications 9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03,	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 3.40-428.43 [†] , 428.9)	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 8.40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3)	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0 =0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 2, 198.81) 404.93, 428.0, 428.1,	
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days <u>ospital complications exclusions; cor</u> Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 0-3) yes: V16.3) 11, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, .40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0 =0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 2, 198.81) 404.93, 428.0, 428.1,	
LOS ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	 .089 – 2.313 days .314 + days <u>ospital complications exclusions; cor</u> Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 422 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based or 100.0000) 	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 0-3) yes: V16.3) 11, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, .40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0 =0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 2, 198.81) 404.93, 428.0, 428.1,	
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	2 2 after in-h Compl	 .089 – 2.313 days .314 + days <u>ospital complications exclusions; cor</u> Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, es: 401. 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based o Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01) 	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 0-3) yes: V16.3) 11, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, .40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0 =0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 2, 198.81) 404.93, 428.0, 428.1,	
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based o Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01) Poverty Rate (based on zip code)	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 :0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 3,40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0 n zip code)	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0 =0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 2, 198.81) 404.93, 428.0, 428.1,	
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based o Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01) Poverty Rate (based on zip code)	149 150 mparative reference = Statewide r Length of Stay and In-Hospi x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 :0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 3,40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0 n zip code)	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0 =0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 2, 198.81) 404.93, 428.0, 428.1,	
LOS ✓ ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based o Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01) Poverty Rate (based on zip code) Predicted Death (logit of Atlas Outcoc	149 150 <i>mparative reference = Statewide</i> <i>r Length of Stay and In-Hospi</i> x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 :0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, .8.40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0 n zip code) <i>mmesTM</i> Predicted Probability of Deal ix, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-1	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0	
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based o Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01) Proverty Rate (based on zip code) Predicted Death (logit of Atlas Outcot Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295 x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 31	149 150 <i>mparative reference = Statewide</i> <i>r Length of Stay and In-Hospi</i> x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 :0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, .8.40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0 n zip code) <i>mmesTM</i> Predicted Probability of Deal ix, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-1	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0	
LOS ✓ ✓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days <u>ospital complications exclusions; cor</u> Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291. 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402. 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based o Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01) Poverty Rate (based on zip code) Predicted Death (logit of Atlas Outco Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295 x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 31	149 150 <i>mparative reference = Statewide</i> <i>r Length of Stay and In-Hospi</i> <i>x</i> , x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 880.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 :0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, .40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) <i>x</i> , x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0 n zip code) <i>mmes</i> TM Predicted Probability of Deat <i>x</i> , x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-4 1; 312.x, x=0-9)	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0	
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	2 2 after in-h Compl	.089 – 2.313 days .314 + days ospital complications exclusions; cor Significant Risk Factors Used for Age Age-Squared Alcohol & Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291, 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 9 Atlas Outcomes [™] Predicted Length Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x= Family History of Breast Cancer (no, Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.0 428.20-428.23 [†] , 428.30-428.33 [†] , 428 History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401. Median Household Income (based o Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01) Proverty Rate (based on zip code) Predicted Death (logit of Atlas Outcot Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295 x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 31	149 150 <i>mparative reference = Statewide</i> <i>r Length of Stay and In-Hospi</i> x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0- 80.0; 980.9; V11.3) of Stay (MQPredLOS) .0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0 :0-3) yes: V16.3) 1, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, .40-428.43 [†] , 428.9) 10.3) x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0 n zip code) <i>mmes</i> TM Predicted Probability of Deat ix, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-1 1; 312.x, x=0-9) : procedure codes 85.50-85.54, 85.7	19.9 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 20.0 2	2.7 4.0	

Breast Cancer Procedures – Mastectomy Cases age 18 through 64

Length of Stay (LOS)	Statewide Inpatient Cases* (N = 2,188)		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
 Reconstruction–Concurrent 			
No	1,589	72.6	1.8
Yes	599	27.4	3.6
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 1.743 days	427	19.5	2.0
1.744 – 1.892 days	446	20.4	2.2
1.893 – 2.076 days	449	20.5	2.4
2.077 – 2.315 days	431	19.7	2.2
2.316 + days	435	19.9	2.6
Poverty Rate			
0 – 3.8270%	438	20.0	2.5
3.8271 – 5.9492%	437	20.0	2.3
5.9493 – 9.4207%	437	20.0	2.2
9.4208 – 14.4314%	439	20.1	2.1
14.4315% +	437	20.0	2.3
Diabetes			
No	2,036	93.1	2.3
Yes	152	6.9	2.2

In-Hospital Complications (Compl)	Statewide Inpatient Cases* (N = 2,190)		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Complication
 Reconstruction–Concurrent 			
No	1,590	72.6	3.9
Yes	600	27.4	8.5
 History of Breast Cancer 			
No	2,105	96.1	5.0
Yes	85	3.9	9.4
Cases after in-hospital complications exclusions; c	omparative reference = Statewic	le database	

LOS	Compl	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and In-hospital Complications
		• Age
		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓		 Atlas Outcomes[™] Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
		• Breast Cancer Type (malignant: 174.0-174.9, 238.3, 239.3; in situ: 233.0; metastatic: 196.3, 198.2, 198.81)
✓		• Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
		Family History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V16.3)
		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
	✓	History of Breast Cancer (no, yes: V10.3)
		• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
		Median Household Income (based on zip code)
		Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
✓		Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
		 Procedure Group (simple mastectomy: procedure codes 85.41-85.44, CPT19180; radical mastectomy: procedure codes 85.45-85.48, CPT 19200, CPT 19220, CPT 19240)
		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 311; 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
✓	✓	• Reconstruction-Concurrent (no, yes: procedure codes 85.50-85.54, 85.7, 85.82-85.87, 85.93, 85.96)
		• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)

Neck and Back Procedures (With Fusion and Without Fusion) Cases age 18 through 64

Procedure Rate	HMO Inpatient Ca	HMO Inpatient Cases* (N = 4,993) Number of Cases Percent of Total	
Significant Variable	Number of Cases		
Age			
18 – 44 years	2,022	40.5	
45 – 64 years	2,971	59.5	
• Sex			
Female	2,361	47.3	
Male	2,632	52.7	

Neck and Back Procedures With Fusion Cases age 18 through 64

ength of Stay (LOS)	Statewide Inpatient Cases*		(N = 5,944)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Ávg. LOS
Fusion Location			-
Cervical/Atlas-Axis	4,106	69.1	1.6
Dorsal and Dorsolumbar	36	0.6	5.5
Lumbar and Lumbosacral	1,802	30.3	4.0
 Atlas OutcomesTM PredLOS 			
0 – 1.679 days	1,181	19.9	1.6
1.680 – 1.919 days	1,191	20.0	1.8
1.920 – 2.272 days	1,195	20.1	2.1
2.273 – 2.657 days	1,192	20.1	2.6
2.658 + days	1,185	19.9	3.8
Fusion Technique			
Anterior	4,241	71.3	1.7
Multiple	310	5.2	3.7
Posterior/Lateral	1,393	23.4	4.0
Poverty Rate			
0-4.6050%	1,180	19.9	2.3
4.6051 – 7.4365%	1,180	19.9	2.3
7.4366 – 10.0487%	1,201	20.2	2.3
10.0488 - 14.3027%	1,185	19.9	2.4
13.3028% +	1,198	20.2	2.5
Procedure Group			
Both Discectomy and Laminectomy	125	2.1	3.9
Discectomy	5,342	89.9	2.2
Laminectomy	477	8.0	3.9
 Principal Diagnosis Group 			
Disc Degeneration	598	10.1	3.2
Disc Displacement	3,139	52.8	1.9
Narrowing of the Spinal Canal	1,643	27.6	3.0
Other Disc Disorders/Back Pain	564	9.5	2.4
 Psychological Disorder 			
No	5,335	89.8	2.3
Yes	609	10.2	2.8
Hypertensive Disease			
No	4,489	75.5	2.2
Yes	1,455	24.5	2.7
COPD			
No	5,795	97.5	2.3
Yes	149	2.5	3.0
Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = S	tatewide database		

n-Hospital Complications (Compl)	Statewide In	patient Cases* (N = 5,9	953)
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Complication
 Fusion Location 			
Cervical/Atlas-Axis	4,109	69.0	2.9
Dorsal and Dorsolumbar	36	0.6	33.3
Lumbar and Lumbosacral	1,808	30.4	13.9
Poverty Rate			
0 – 4.6050%	1,183	19.9	5.3
4.6051 – 7.4365%	1,180	19.8	6.2
7.4366 – 10.0487%	1,202	20.2	6.7
10.0488 – 14.3027%	1,187	19.9	7.0
14.3028% +	1,201	20.2	7.1
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 1.679 days	1,181	19.8	2.8
1.680 – 1.920 days	1,200	20.2	3.8
1.921 – 2.274 days	1,191	20.0	5.3
2.275 – 2.659 days	1,193	20.0	8.4
2.660 + days	1,188	20.0	12.0
Fusion Technique			
Anterior	4,244	71.3	3.4
Multiple	312	5.2	14.1
Posterior/Lateral	1,397	23.5	14.0

Neck and Back Procedures With Fusion continued

LOS	Compl	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and In-Hospital Complications
		• Age
		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓	 ✓ 	Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
		 Cancer (malignant/in situ: 140.0-208.9, 230.0-239.9; history: V10.00-V10.9)
✓		COPD (no, yes: 491.20, 491.21, 492.0, 492.28, 496, 506.4, 518.2)
		• Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
		Female (no, yes)
✓	✓	• Fusion Location (cervical/atlas-axis: procedure codes 81.00, 81.01, 81.02, 81.03; dorsal and dorsolumbar: procedure codes 81.04, 81.05; lumbar and lumbosacral: procedure codes 81.06, 81.07, 81.08)
✓	✓	 Fusion Technique (anterior: procedure codes 81.00, 81.01, 81.02, 81.04, 81.06; posterior/lateral: procedure codes 81.03, 81.05, 81.07, 81.08; multiple: procedure code 81.61[†], 2 or more procedure codes)
		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
✓		• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
		Median Household Income (based on zip code)
		 Musculoskeletal Disorders (no, yes: 274.x, x=0-9; 710.0x, x=0-9; 712.x, x=0-9; 713.x, x=0-8; 714.x, x=0-9; 715.x x=0-9; 733.0x, x=0-9; V43.6x, x=0-9)
		Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
✓	 ✓ 	Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
✓		 Principal Diagnoses Group (disc displacement: 722.0, 722.10, 722.11, 722.2; narrowing of spinal canal: 720.0, 721.0-721.42, 721.90, 721.91, 723.0, 724.00-724.09, 738.4, 756.11, 756.12; disc degeneration: 722.4, 722.51, 722.52, 722.6; other disc disorders/back pain: 722.70-722.73, 722.90-722.93, 723.1, 724.1-724.3, 724.5)
✓		 Procedure Group (discectomy: procedure codes 80.50, 80.51, 80.59; laminectomy: procedure codes 03.09; discectomy and laminectomy: procedure codes 80.50, 80.51 or 80.59 and 03.09)
✓		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 311, 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
		• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)
		Tobacco Use (no, yes: 305.1, V15.82)

Neck and Back Procedures Without Fusion Cases age 18 through 64

Length of Stay (LOS)	Statewide Inpatient Cases* (N = 10,562)		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 1.585 days	2,099	19.9	1.2
1.586 – 1.792 days	2,121	20.1	1.3
1.793 – 2.055 days	2,119	20.1	1.5
2.056 – 2.506 days	2,114	20.0	1.7
2.507 + days	2,109	20.0	2.8
• Age	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
18 – 35 years	1,972	18.7	1.5
36 – 42 years	2,223	21.0	1.6
43 – 49 years	2,337	22.1	1.6
50 – 56 years	2,110	20.0	1.8
57 – 64 years	1,920	18.2	2.1
Poverty Rate	.,		
• Foverty Rate $0 - 4.5251\%$	2,122	20.1	1.6
4.5252 - 7.2637%	2,122	19.9	1.0
7.2638 – 9.9845%	2,107	20.0	1.7
9.9846 - 13.6238%	2,100	20.0	1.7
13.6239% +	2,120	19.9	1.9
	2,105	19.9	1.9
Procedure Group	000	5.0	0.4
Both Discectomy and Laminectomy	608	5.8	2.1
Discectomy	7,494	71.0	1.6
Laminectomy	2,460	23.3	2.1
• Female			
No	6,124	58.0	1.6
Yes	4,438	42.0	1.9
 Principal Diagnosis Group 			
Disc Degeneration	133	1.3	2.0
Disc Displacement	7,794	73.8	1.6
Narrowing of Spinal Canal	2,390	22.6	2.1
Other Disc Disorders/Back Pain	245	2.3	2.3
 Hypertensive Disease 			
No	8,104	76.7	1.6
Yes	2,458	23.3	2.0
 Psychological Disorder 			
No	9,727	92.1	1.7
Yes	835	7.9	2.0
Musculoskeletal Disorders			
No	10,053	95.2	1.7
Yes	509	4.8	2.2
*Cases after LOS exclusions; comparative reference = Si			

In-Hospital Complications (comp)	Statewide Inp	579)	
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Complication
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 – 1.585 days	2,099	19.8	2.7
1.586 – 1.792 days	2,122	20.1	3.8
1.793 – 2.057 days	2,128	20.1	4.0
2.058 – 2.509 days	2,118	20.0	5.9
2.510 + days	2,112	20.0	7.4
 Median Household Income 			
\$0 - 31,989	2,134	20.2	5.8
\$31,990 – 36,739	2,096	19.8	5.6
\$36,740 - 43,630	2,128	20.1	4.6
\$43,631 – 52,380	2,119	20.0	4.2
\$52,381 +	2,102	19.9	3.7
Procedure Group			
Both Discectomy and Laminectomy	610	5.8	8.0
Discectomy	7,503	70.9	3.7
Laminectomy	2,466	23.3	7.1
• Age			
18 – 35 years	1,974	18.7	2.8
36 – 42 years	2,224	21.0	4.4
43 – 49 years	2,339	22.1	4.4
50 – 56 years	2,115	20.0	5.7
57 – 64 years	1,927	18.2	6.7

LOS	Compl	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and In-Hospital Complications
	√	• Age
		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓	✓	Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
		Cancer (malignant/in situ: 140.0-208.9, 230.0-239.9; history: V10.00-V10.9)
		• COPD (no, yes: 491.20, 491.21, 492.0, 492.28, 496, 506.4, 518.2)
		 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
✓		Female (no, yes)
		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
✓		• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
	✓	Median Household Income (based on zip code)
1		 Musculoskeletal Disorders (no, yes: 274.x, x=0-9; 710.0x, x=0-9; 712.x, x=0-9; 713.x, x=0-8; 714.x, x=0-9; 715.x x=0-9; 733.0x, x=0-9; V43.6x, x=0-9)
		Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
✓		Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas OutcomesTM Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
1		 Principal Diagnoses Group (disc displacement: 722.0, 722.10, 722.11, 722.2; narrowing of spinal canal: 720.0, 721.0-721.42, 721.90, 721.91, 723.0, 724.00-724.09, 738.4, 756.11, 756.12; disc degeneration: 722.4, 722.51, 722.52, 722.6; other disc disorders/back pain: 722.70-722.73, 722.90-722.93, 723.1, 724.1-724.3, 724.5)
1	1	• Procedure Group (discectomy: procedure codes 80.50, 80.51, 80.59; laminectomy: procedure code 03.09; discectomy and laminectomy: procedure codes 80.50, 80.51 or 80.59 and 03.09)
1		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 311; 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
		• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)
		Tobacco Use (no, yes: 305.1, V15.82)

Neck and Back Procedures Without Fusion continued

Prostatectomy Cases age 18 through 64

Procedure Rate	HMO Inpatient Cases* (N = 786)	
Significant Variable	Number of Cases Percent of Total	
Age		
18 – 44 years	13 1.7	
45 – 64 years	773 98.4	

Length of Stay (LOS)	Statewide Inpatient Cases* (N = 2,212)		
Significant Variable	Number of Cases	Percent of Total	Avg. LOS
 Atlas Outcomes[™] PredLOS 			
0 –2.462 days	441	19.9	3.1
2.463 – 2.611 days	433	19.6	3.1
2.612 – 2.728 days	464	21.0	3.1
2.729 – 2.915 days	433	19.6	3.2
2.916 + days	441	19.9	3.4
 Poverty Rate 			
0-3.9051%	441	19.9	3.0
3.9052 - 5.9157%	443	20.0	3.1
5.9158 - 8.9705%	444	20.1	3.2
8.9706 - 13.6238%	444	20.1	3.3
13.6239% +	440	19.9	3.4
Obesity			
No	2,156	97.5	3.2
Yes	56	2.5	3.8
Diabetes			
No	2,045	92.5	3.2
Yes	167	7.5	3.5

Statewide Inpatient Cases* (N = 2,219)		
Number of Cases	Percent of Total	% Complication
2,163	97.5	8.5
56	2.5	17.9
1,413	63.7	7.8
806	36.3	10.3
	Number of Cases 2,163 56 1,413	Number of Cases Percent of Total 2,163 97.5 56 2.5 1,413 63.7

LOS	Compl	Significant Risk Factors Used for Length of Stay and In-Hospital Complications
		• Age
		Age-Squared
		 Alcohol and Drug Abuse (no, yes: 291.x, x=0-9; 292.0; 292.82; 303.x, x=0-9; 304.x, x=0-9; 305x, x=0-9 except 305.1; 357.5; 425.5; 535.3x, x=0,1; 571.0-571.3; 980.0; 980.9; V11.3)
✓		Atlas Outcomes TM Predicted Length of Stay (MQPredLOS)
✓		 Diabetes (no, yes: 250.0x-250.9x, x=0-3)
		Family History of Prostate Cancer (no, yes: V16.42)
		 Heart Failure (no, yes: 398.91, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 404.01, 404.03, 404.11, 404.13, 404.91, 404.93, 428.0, 428.1, 428.20-428.23[†], 428.30-428.33[†], 428.40-428.43[†], 428.9)
		History of Prostate Cancer (no, yes: V10.46)
	✓	• Hypertensive Disease (no, yes: 401.x, x=0-9; 402.x0, x=0-9; 403.x0, x=0-9; 404.x0, x=0-9; 405.x, x=0-9)
		Median Household Income (based on zip code)
✓	 ✓ 	• Obesity (no, yes: 278.00, 278.01)
		 Other Cancer—Not Prostate (metastatic: 196.0-198.81, 198.89-199.1; primary: 140.0-184.9, 186.0-195.8, 200.0-208.9, 230.0-233.3, 233.5-236.4, 236.6-239.4, 239.6-239.9)
✓		Poverty Rate (based on zip code)
		 Predicted Death (logit of Atlas Outcomes[™] Predicted Probability of Death [MQPredDeath])
		 Psychological Disorder (no, yes: 295.x, x=0-9; 296.x, x=0-9; 297.x, x=0-9; 298.x, x=0-9; 299.x, x=0-9; 300.x, x=0-9; 301.x, x=0-9; 309.x, x=0-9; 310.x, x=0-9; 311, 312.x, x=0-9)
		Race (Black, Other, White)
		• Renal Failure (no, yes: 403.01, 403.11, 403.91, 404.02, 404.12, 404.92, 584.5-584.9, 585, 586)