Potentially Preventable Hospitalizations January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Country of	Hospitalizations	
County of Residence	Number	Rate per 10,000 Residents (age 18 and older)
Statewide	136,259	131.9
Adams	811	94.0
Allegheny	11,775	117.9
Armstrong	685	131.7
Beaver	2,052	152.7
Bedford	467	122.5
Berks	5,981	176.6
Blair	1,438	149.4
Bradford	841	180.9
Bucks	6,294	121.4
Butler	1,822	113.4
Cambria	1,464	138.5
Cameron	69	191.5
Carbon	1,014	190.8
Centre	1,095	81.2
Chester	3,987	92.7
Clarion	366	122.1
Clearfield	921	146.4
Clinton	310	102.9
Columbia	556	102.9
Crawford	983	150.9
Cumberland	2,500	115.9
Dauphin	3,070	136.5
Delaware	5,427	120.5
Elk	322	131.8
Erie	2,561	120.4
Fayette	1,934	192.3
Forest	66	106.3
Franklin	1,402	113.7
Fulton	86	73.9
Greene	248	88.8
Huntingdon	509	142.3
Indiana	919	134.7
Jefferson	484	140.7
Juniata	242	133.4

This analysis was limited to Pennsylvania general acute care hospitals. Rates were calculated using PHC4 inpatient discharge data and US Census Bureau population data. Potentially preventable hospitalizations were identified by a set of Prevention Quality Indicators developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality.



Potentially Preventable Hospitalizations January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023

Country of	Hospitalizations	
County of Residence	Number	Rate per 10,000 Residents (age 18 and older)
Lackawanna	2,537	147.5
Lancaster	4,033	93.6
Lawrence	1,131	167.0
Lebanon	1,346	120.2
Lehigh	3,807	129.5
Luzerne	3,599	138.0
Lycoming	1,153	128.3
McKean	217	67.8
Mercer	1,297	147.3
Mifflin	446	125.5
Monroe	1,820	135.0
Montgomery	8,255	120.4
Montour	181	126.2
Northampton	4,014	155.2
Northumberland	1,196	165.3
Perry	518	141.9
Philadelphia	21,156	172.6
Pike	360	70.8
Potter	130	101.6
Schuylkill	1,964	170.5
Snyder	326	103.3
Somerset	675	114.0
Sullivan	71	135.6
Susquehanna	406	130.9
Tioga	389	118.3
Union	368	105.9
Venango	690	172.6
Warren	392	129.9
Washington	2,252	133.1
Wayne	464	108.5
Westmoreland	4,175	145.0
Wyoming	298	142.2
York	3,892	107.0

This analysis was limited to Pennsylvania general acute care hospitals. Rates were calculated using PHC4 inpatient discharge data and US Census Bureau population data. Potentially preventable hospitalizations were identified by a set of Prevention Quality Indicators developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality.

